The Columbian.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.]

Issued Weekly, every Friday Morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., Pa.

AT $1.50 per year. To subscribers out of the county the terms are strictly in advance.

☞No paper discontinued except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job Printing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete. It contains the latest new type and machinery and is the only office that runs job presses by power, giving us the best facilities. Estimates furnished on large jobs.

The Columbian.

E. B. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1885.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XIX, NO 35
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLIX, NO 28

RATES OF ADVERTISING

	1 W	2 W	1 M	2 M	3 M	6 M	1 Y
1 inch	$ 75	1 25	1 50	2 50	3 00	4 50	7 00
2 "	1 50	2 00	2 50	4 00	4 75	7 50	12 00
3 "	2 00	2 75	3 50	5 00	6 50	10 00	16 00
4 "	2 50	3 50	4 50	7 00	8 00	12 00	19 00
¼ col	3 25	4 50	5 50	8 00	9 50	14 50	23 00
½ col	5 00	7 00	8 00	14 00	17 00	26 00	40 00
1 column	8 00	12 00	15 00	25 00	30 00	40 00	80 00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's, and Auditor's notices three dollars.

Transient or Local notices, ten cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar a year for each line.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa
Office over 1st. National Bank.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Main St's Building.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
AND
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
BLOOMSBURG, PA
Office over Moyer Bros. Drug Store.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1
Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets. Clark's building.
Can be consulted in German.

GEO. E. ELWELL,
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office on First floor, front room of COLUMBIAN Building, Main street, below Exchange Hotel.

PAUL E. WIRT,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office in COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Room No. 2, second floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

O. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN.
KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the left. Corner of Main and Market streets Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ *Pensions and Bounties Collected.*

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY AT-LAW
Office in Maize's building, over Billmeyer's grocery.

JOHN C. YOCUM. C. E. GEYER.
YOCUM & GEYER,
Attorneys-at-Law.
CATAWISSA, PA.
(Office front suit of rooms on second floor of NEWS ITEM building.)
☞CAN BE CONSULTED IN GERMAN.☜
Members of Sharpand Alleman's Lawyers and Banker's Directory and the American Mercantile and Collection Association. Will give prompt and careful attention to collection of claims in any part of the United States or Canada, as well as to all other professional business entrusted to them

A. K. OSWALD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Jackson Building, Rooms 4 and 5.
BERWICK, PA

W. H. RHAWN.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

H. V. WHITE.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Browers' Building, 2nd floor. map 1-tf

W. E. SMITH,
Attorney-atLaw, Berwick, Pa
Can be Consulted in German.
ALSO FIRST-CLASS
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANIES REPRESENTED.
☞Office first door below the post office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 and 5.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market

A. L. FRITZ, Attorney-at-Law. Office in COLUMBIAN Building.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN & LOCKSMITH
Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. J. C. RUTTER.
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street, Bloomsburg, Pa

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office corner of Rock and Market street.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, Office and Residence on Third street.

FIRE INSURANCE.
CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
HOME, OF N. Y.
MERCHANTS', OF NEWARK, N. J.
CLINTON, N. Y.
PEOPLES' N. Y.
READING, PA.
These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.
Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize their agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.
PROMPTNESS, EQUITY, FAIR DEALING.

H. G. Eshleman,

Plumber and gas fitter. Rear of Schuyler's hardware store.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

—10:—

All kinds of fittings for steam, gas and water pipes constantly on hand.

Roofing and spouting attended to at short notice.

Tinware of every description made to order.

Orders left at Schuyler & Co's. hardware store will be promptly filled.

Special attention given to heating by steam and hot water.

y 9-1y

Scranton House,

—ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.—

Victor Koch, Proprietor.

Rooms are heated by steam, well ventilated and elegantly furnished. Finest liar and Lunch Counter in the city.

Meals to order at all hours. Ladies and Gents restaurant furnished with all delicacies of the season.

Location near D. L. & W. R. R. Depot, Scranton, Pa. Mar 20-1f

A. C. YATES & CO.
The Ever Popular
Clothi ng House
Of Philadelphia, are fully prepared to show a new and handsome variety of Fall and Winter Goods for Men, Youths, Boys and Children (all under one roof now).

—:o:—

A. C. YATES & CO.
602-604-606 CHESTNUT ST.

E. B. BROWER

PLUMBING,

GAS FITTING & STEAM HEATING.

DEALER IN

STOVES & TINWARE.

All kinds of work in Sheet Iron, Roofing and Spouting promptly attended to.

☞Strict attention given to heating by steam.

Corner of Main & East Sts.,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

ALEXANDER BROS. & CO.,

Offer to the Trade their Fine Brand of Cigars.

The Landres,
Henry Clay,
Normal,
Samson, and
Cosmopolitan

Fine Fruits and Fine Confectionery on hand. Fresh every week. Bloomsburg, Pa. Feb. 27

BLOOMSBURG PLANING MILL

—:o:—

The undersigned having put his Planing Mill on Railroad street, in first-class condition, is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line.

FRAMES, SASH, DOORS,
BLINDS, MOULDINGS,
FLOORING, Etc.

furnished at reasonable prices. All lumber used is well seasoned and none but skilled workmen are employed.

ESTIMATES FOR BUILDINGS

furnished on application. Plans and specifications prepared by an experienced draughtsman

CHARLES KRUG,
Bloomsburg, Pa

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

BERTSCHE'S, AT BERTSCHE'S,

THE ARTIST

CUTTER

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MERCHANT TAILOR.

Who always gives you the latest styles, and cuts your clothing to fit you. Having had the experience for a number of years in the Tailoring Business, has learned what material will give his customers the best satisfaction for wear and style and will try to please all who give him a call. Also on hand

Gents' Furnishing Goods
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
HATS, CAPS, AND UMBRELLAS

Always of the latest styles. Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Store next door to First National Bank
Corner Main & Market Sts.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

April 25-1y

M. C. SLOAN & BRO.,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Manufacturers of

CARRIAGES BUGGIES, PHAETONS
SLEIGHS, PLATFORM WAGONS, &C.

First-class work always on hand.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.

Prices reduced to suit the times.

Lots of People Say, "OH MY BACK."

Here is Solid A 1 TESTIMONY from Hard Working Men.

Machinist and Builder.

"I have been troubled years with kidney and bladder difficulty. After using four bottles of HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY I have been completely cured."—William C. Clark, Mason and Builder, Auburn, N. Y.

• • • "Health is better than wealth." • • •

Machinist.

Mr. George Karg, Machinist, 1138 Ridge Ave., Philadelphia, Pa., says:—"My disease started when I was quite a young lad by having weak kidneys. I have used just six bottles of HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY, and I solemnly proclaim, 'I feel like a new man.'"

• • • "Good counsel has no price, obey it." • • •

Mechanic.

Mr. Henry Williams, Mechanic, East Bridgeport, Conn., says:—"About two months ago I caught a heavy cold, which settled in my kidneys. I got a bottle of HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY and with the first dose began to get well."

• • • "Light suppers makes long lives." • • •

Railroad Man.

Frank B. Lee, office N. Y. C. & H. R. R. Little Falls, N. Y., June 8, 1883, says: "My father, 62 years old, had severe kidney and bladder disease for 20 years, urination causing acute pain. The weakness was so great he was obliged to wear a rubber bag. Twelve bottles of HUNT'S KIDNEY REMEDY completely cured him, and we consider it remarkable. We cheerfully recommend it."

• • • "Deeds are better than words." • • •

HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY has stood the test of time. It has been before the public for twenty years, and has cured every year thousands of people suffering from various diseases of the Kidneys and Liver, and kindred disorders, who had failed to get relief from doctors and who expected never to be cured. Thousands of testimonials from such persons attest its value. Send for book.

• • • "Ills will that ends well." • • •

Sold by all druggists. Price $1.25. 9

HUNT'S REMEDY CO., Providence, R. I.
H. N. CRITTENTON, General Agent, N. Y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

the popular favorite for dressing the hair. Restoring the color when gray, and preventing Dandruff it. It cleanses the scalp, and stops the hair falling, and is sure to please. 50c. and $1. sizes at Druggists.

PARKER'S TONIC

The Best Cough Cure you can use

and the best known preventive of Consumption.

PARKER'S TONIC kept in a home is a sentinel to keep sickness out. Used discreetly it keeps the blood pure and the Stomach, Liver and Kidneys in working order. Coughs and Colds vanish before it. It builds up the health.

If you suffer from Debility, Skin Eruptions, Cough, Asthma, Dyspepsia, Kidney, Urinary or Female Complaints, or any disorder of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, Blood or Nerves, don't wait till you are sick in bed, but use PARKER'S TONIC to-day; it will give you new life and vigor.

HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

Sold by Druggists. Large saving buying $1 size.

aug. 14-1y

BILIOUSNESS.

Bilious symptoms invariably arise from indigestion, such as furred tongue, vomiting of bile, giddiness, sick headache, irregular bowels. The liver secretes the bile and acts like a filter or sieve, to cleanse impurities of the blood. By irregularity in its action or suspensions of its functions, the bile is liable to overflow into the blood, causing jaundice, sallow complexion, yellow eyes, bilious diarrhœa, a languid, weary feeling and many other distressing symptoms. Biliousness may be properly termed an affection of the liver, and can be thoroughly cured by the grand regulator of the liver and biliary organs, BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. It acts upon the stomach, bowels and liver, making healthy bile and pure blood, and opens the culverts and sluiceways for the outlet of disease. Sold everywhere and guaranteed to cure.

ORNAMENTAL IRON FENCES

OF CAST OR WROUGHT IRON.

Suitable for

Yards,
Cemetery Lots
and
Public Grounds.

—:o:—

The following shows the Picket Gothic, one of the several beautiful styles of Fence manufactured by the undersigned.

For Beauty and Durability they are unsurpassed. Set up by experienced hands and warranted to give satisfaction.

Prices and specimens of other designs sent to any address.

Address

S. M. HESS,

BLOOMSBURG PA.

May 4-1f

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY. Moyer's new building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Assets.
Ætna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn	$7,076,220
Royal of Liverpool	10,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,160,720
Phœnix, of London	5,206,274
London & Lancashire, of England	1,108,970
Hartford of Hartford	3,274,000
Springfield Fire and Marine	2,082,580

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 23, 81.

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES

North American of Philadelphia.
Franklin, " "
Pennsylvania, " "
York, of Pennsylvania.
Hanover, of N. Y.
Queens, of London.
North British, of London.
Office on Market street, No. 8, Bloomsburg.
oct. 24, 1

W. H. HOUSE,
—DENTIST,—
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA

All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.

Office over Klein's Drug Store.

To be open at all hours during the day.

Nov 18 -1y

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

W. R. TUBBS, PROPRIETOR

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

SELECT STORY.

A HAUNTED HOUSE.

My husband's death seemed to upset everything. My sister Cora came to live with me, and she did her best to cheer me, but at times Cora was very much out of sorts. She was delicate. Accustomed to country air, London disagreed with her; the roses vanished from her cheeks and her spirits often enough were lower than mine. She put a brave face on matters, but I could see when her gayety was forced. Alfred (Alfred was Cora's lover) was anxious about her.

They were to marry as soon as Alfred could see his way to a country practice. I could have helped him, but Alfred was abominably independent. I could not see why they could not marry in his present position. But I kept my counsel. In Cora's present style of health perhaps it was wisdom deferring their union.

"Well, Selina, what is your idea?" Alfred asked, after I told him what Dr. Magnus had said.

"We must look out for a house or get you to do that for us."

"Then I have anticipated your thoughts as well as old Magnus' fiat. You've often romanced about living in an antiquated old place. Here we are."

Alfred read aloud the advertisement: "An ancient stone residence near the sea, to let for a year or term of years. Partly furnished; the owner abroad. Rent secondary to a suitable tenant. Rails near. Orchard and paddock if required. Apply to Mr. Fortescue, Barton-upon-Humber."

"Rent secondary! that surely means something would be given annually to an approved tenant," romanced Alfred.

"But we ought to see the place before we take it," said I. "How would it be for you to run down and spy out the land?"

The next morning Alfred sta. and was back the following night.

He painted the house in roseate hues. It stood by itself, but was within a measurable distance of the town. Facing the Humber, the town of Hull could be seen; also a village directly opposite us. For company, there would be the procession of sail on the estuary, and the perpetual railway trains on the other bank.

I won't call the agent Fortyscrew again," said Alfred, with compunction, "he is a decent sort of a man. He seemed wishful to meet me. He only asked £25 rent; when I asked him if he did not think $20 would be sufficient he closed at once. There is another thing, Selina. A cottage is near, an old woman lives in it, a kind of caretaker. She proffered to help you in any way."

It really was delightful. It might be a little rusty, but occupation would remedy that. Staircase and corridors were all wainscotted, some old portraits hanging on the walls. But in most of the rooms the owners had so far bent to modern ideas as to have them canvassed and papered. It seemed a species of vandalism to me. There was one bedrom that had not been modernized, and without saying anything just then I decided upon occupying it. As I came out upon the staircase I looked again at one of the old portraits: the face had a peculiar attraction for me. There was hardness in it, a peculiar gleam in the eyes—vindictive, suspicious, if not jealous. One hand grasped a riding whip as if with unnecessary tightness. The old care-taker, I noticed, seemed to edge away from the portrait. Alfred had said that the old lady was agreeable, but we thought her extremely self-contained; she would give little more than "yes" or "no" to our questions. Maria, one of our maids whom we had brought down with us, declared the old woman boorish, but we read Maria a lecture; we told her we hoped she would not be disagreeable, for we wished to keep on good terms with our one neighbor.

When we returned to the house I sent for a carpenter. We had brought with us a couple of beds and other sundries. The man had not been in the house for ten minutes when Maria, with a white face, rushed in upon us.

"If you please'm, the house is haunted!"

"Such nonsense," cried I, exasperated, "who has been telling you such a ridiculous tale?"

"The carpenter, ma'am. He ought to know."

"He ought to know better than to frighten a credulous girl, silly man."

Maria had barely gone, when the old lady appeared.

"Are you going to sleep in the panelled room, ma'am?"

"Of course we are, it is by far the pleasantest room in the house."

"I wouldn't sleep in that room, ma'am."

"Why?" I asked, a little irritably.

"I wouldn't, ma'am."

"That is no answer. Do *you* say it is haunted?"

"No, ma'am, but folks reckon there's summuts."

"Summets," sneered I, "why this corner of England is full of superstition."

"Perhaps we had better choose another room," suggested Cora, when the old lady was gone. I saw that Cora was nervous.

"Pooh, are you frightened, Cora? You are as foolish as they. Well, you may sleep in Maria's room to-night, and I will sleep there alone."

"No, I shall sleep where you sleep, dear," said Cora, strenuously, forcing herself to be courageous.

"To think that in this enlightened century there should be people who believe in ghosts!" laughed I in derision.

However, Maria was so frightened by the foolish carpenter's assertion, she declared that she dare not sleep in any room in the house unless she had some one for company. In the end we had to let her go the cottage, and brave the night by ourselves.

A tarnished mirror over the fireplace was the only wall adornment our bed room had. When one looked at it the image was somewhat indistinct; Cora started at her own reflection. I laughed at her nervousness, and succeeded, as I thought, in reassuring her.

I must say I felt the room a little eerie when, awake, I heard only Cora's breathing. I never felt more sleepless in my life. I wished I had brought both maids down, so that Maria would have had no excuse, but I felt bound to leave one behind, and Alfred had kindly proffered to sleep in the house until we decided definitely. Eleven o'clock!—our little timepiece indicated the hour with a metallic chink. How puny it sounded here. I wished I could go to sleep. But in a strange house, anywhere, my first night is a wakeful one. I must have got into a doze when a violent stroke upon the door, as if given with a hunting-whip, brought me back to complete consciousness. It had a frightful sound in my ear, and, I must confess, terrified me. It awoke Cora, I felt her grasp me convulsively. Before I could speak or scream, there came in quick succession a second and third stroke. I lay bathed in prespiration, my head aching almost with the fright; Cora, I could feel, shaking as with the ague.

"Don't scream!" I managed to whisper to Cora, though never in my life was I nearer shrieking myself.

Involuntarily I sat up. It was moonlight, and there was no blind to the window, or it had not been drawn down. Cora clutched me and pointed to the wall. There was an undefined luminous shape.

"Look! look!" gasped Cora.

I obeyed her gesture. The something was reflected in the mirror. I closed my eyes and opened them again. My heart stood still. It was no optical delusion. My eye might be strained, partly with fright, but I was sure that my imagination was playing me no trick. I fell back, then ventured to look again as I lay. The shape disappeared gradually, the wall resuming its normal appearance. Cora had covered her face with the bedclothes.

"Don't be frightened, dear; it is a shameful trick. Some one may have a reason for keeping the house empty." I could not think so, but I wished to inspire Cora with courage. "We will telegraph to Alfred. He will come down and get at the mystery."

After the fright sleeping was out of the question. Cora would not be induced to uncover her face or release her grasp. I spoke in whispers, but that alarmed her; when I essayed a word she grasped me tighter, or there was a stifled "S—sh!"

I closed my eyes, opening them at intervals, anxious for daylight. To get up, to leave the room, was what I dare not do. I dreaded the corridor in the darkness. How I wished I had left a light burning, but I had seen the moon. I dare not get up to light the candle, striking the match might bring some nameless horror upon me. I dare scarcely breathe audibly.

With what relief did I view the first streaks of light.

"Cora," said I—my calm voice surprising myself—"we can get up now, it is daylight."

"Let us go back to London by the first train," implored she. "I dare not sleep in this house another night. I should die of fright."

"I shall telegraph to Alfred. If he can't get down we will go to a hotel at Barton or Hull. I feel sure that it is a trick. Don't mention a word to Maria nor the old lady. Perhaps she is in the conspiracy. She didn't wish us to occupy this room."

But although I bound Cora over to secrecy I determined to try and prevail upon the old lady to state why she had not wished us to occupy that particular room. After some preamble I brought up the subject, and when I acquainted the old lady that I heard noises, she became communicative.

"I've slept in the house," she admitted.

"Did you hear them?"

"I never slept in that room," said she, evasively. "What were they like?"

"Like a whip, as if the lash and stock were held in the hand."

"Ah," murmured she, with an assentive inclination of the head.

"You haven't slept in that room?"

"No, ma'am."

"Will you sleep in it to night?"

"No, ma'am, not for all the money in the world," answered she, with decision.

"Is there any story connected with the noises?"

"Well, yes, ma'am, there is."

"I should like to hear it. I should feel better satisfied."

The estate came by marriage to the original of the portrait with the riding whip. It was not a marriage of affection. A young heiress was constrained to marry a man much older than herself, who had an eye upon her dowry. Court influence was even brought to bear upon her. The heiress had a half-brother, an unswerving Jacobite, who had followed the King to the Court of Versailles. Allying himself with the Pretender there was never any chance of his succeeding to his forfeited estates. He was too zealous a partisan. Eventually he was entrusted with a mission to England, there to hold secret meetings with and gather the strength and disposition of those not inimical to the Stuart cause. The Hanoverian party were apprised of his descent upon the coast, and, without making the knowledge public, a watch was set. The recusant was warned, and succeeded in escaping capture, hiding at successive houses. He had natural desire to see his sisters—a mother's children are nearer than a father's—at his sister's house he knew he could be safe for a time, the contiguity of water facilitating escape; moreover a secret passage existed in the house, only the direct heir being entrusted with the secret of its position.

Self-contained, dreading more than disliking the man who had been forced upon her, no confidences ever passed between husband and wife. The wife's coldness probably exasperated a husband prone to suspicion and jealously. He had always imagined that his wife had some prior attachment; the years strengthened his belief. At one time he had hung about the court, suddenly he retired to the country, and in a way immured himself and his young wife. He was not one to wander far afield. It seemed his mission in life to watch and guard his wife. Her life became almost intolerable. Her brother's appearance, though welcome, inspired a new fear. If she confided in her husband, her husband might betray him. Were she reticent, he gain the slightest hint, the demon of jealously would be aroused. Some whisper that a cloaked figure had been seen in the vicinity was whispered by serving maid to serving man, and reached the Squire's ears. He was convinced that his suspicions had not been ill-founded. Etna's fury raged in his breast. His wife had taken to shunning him, seeking the privacy of her room. Occasionally the door was locked against him. He swore to himself that he would get at the mystery. He followed her to her room; again the door was closed against him, the key turned, and the bolt was shot in his hearing. In his rage he struck at the door once, twice, thrice—with his heavy riding-whip. Then, a man of powerful strength, he took up a heavy chair and shattered the door. As the door gave way he caught sight of something—what was never known—and dashed into the room. When next seen his wife was a timerous idiot, and whether it was remorse or despair, or the result of an accident, his body a week later was washed ashore. But the cloaked figure was not seen to steal away, the emissary never returned to Versailles, and after a time the crazy widow disappeared.

"And is there a secret chamber?" I asked, a "creepy" sensation at my backbone.

"I don't know, ma'am. I think not. One has never been found. Part of the old house was pulled down, I've heard. I should think the family that came to it would do away with anything of the sort."

Something in the old woman's manner struck me as still evasive. I was inclined to believe that some secret cranny was yet in existence. Well, Alfred would be with us before the day was over.

He did not disappoint us, but his telegram had given us some confidence. Yet Cora would not go about the house alone. I do not think I could have prevailed upon her to visit the room in which we slept. When Alfred arrived, she rushed to meet him, and placing her hand on his shoulders, buried her head on his breast, imploring him not to desert her.

"Take me away—back to London. I cannot—I am afraid to stay in this dreadful place."

"My dear, what is wrong with you?" he asked.

I found it difficult to get Alfred to myself. Cora seemed as if she would not be disposed of. I had to stamp my foot before I could detach her.

"One would think you were intent upon eating him," I said with a pretence of displeasure.

"Now then, Selina," said he when we were alone, "what is the grievance?"

Briefly I related our experiences of the night. Then I gave him the old woman's narrative, put, as I was prideing myself, in a highly interesting manner. All I got for my pains was an indignant "Pish!" followed by a materialistic disquisition that I rebelled against utterly. Cause and effect, did clothes walk?—Bah! I could believe my ears and my eyes.

"We must go," decided I, "or we shall have Cora crazy. She was terrified."

"And were not you?"

"I was alarmed, yes, I was frightened."

"Humph you had better go to a hotel, both of you. I will stay in the house, and sleep in that room. I will have a bludgeon handy, and woe to the miscreant!"

"I wouldn't Alfred; it is not worth while."

"It isn't? But it is. I shall explode the fallacy. I have never had a chance before. I feel in honor bound to make the attempt."

I saw that it was useless attempting to dissuade him, and decided that we, too, would risk another night in the house.

Cora was in great alarm when Alfred acquainted her with this decision, but his quiet and derisive laughter, if it did not wholly reassure her, quieted her. I could see that Alfred thought Cora was ashamed of her fears, and that I, after all, was the more gullible person.

"Close your eyes Cora, and get a good night's rest," said I, as she nestled near me.

"I don't think I can sleep, I feel so anxious for Alfred."

But soon I had the satisfaction of hearing her regular breathing. I thought I would keep awake, but I dozed off. I had no sleep the previous night, and when I miss a night's rest I generally make up for it after. I could not have slept many minutes when I was awakened by a peculiar noise. Our room was contiguous to Alfred's, but the walls were thick. It awoke Cora.

"Listen!" whispered she, in some dread.

I strained my ears. Faintly came what sounded like measured steps. They would cease for a moment or more, then be resumed. It was a new phase of the ghost's vagaries.

"What are you going to do?" Cora asked, anxiously.

"I am going to tap at Alfred's door and ask him if he is all right."

"I dare not stay alone."

"I shall not be away a minute. You would not have any harm come to Alfred?"

"I shall go with you."

We each slipped on our dressing-gowns and encased our feet in slippers to steal along the corridor to Alfred's door. He evidently heard us, for his door opened with such suddenness Cora gave a little scream.

"Oh, it's you?" said Alfred, a little ungraciously. I found he was disappointed.

"You may thank you stars I didn't rush at you. I thought, hearing your stealthy tread, it was some rascal stealing away."

"Have you heard the cuts at the door?" I asked.

"I heard something, I should have been stone deaf if I hadn't," growled he. "I got to the door as quickly as possible, but I was too late."

Perhaps I felt my triumph, although my teeth chattered and my chin had nervous twitchings. Alfred was disconcerted, but he was not one which frightened.

"I think I have discovered one thing; that mirror and the moon are in conspiracy. They cause that light on the wall. It is a fancy of mine, anyway. The mirror is old, and the glass imperfect."

"Then you have seen the shape on the wall?"

"Shape?" echoed he contemptuously; "it is a reflection; maybe the trees outside have something to do with it."

"Did you hear taps?"

"Oh, I have been tapping the wainscot. Didn't that old woman hint at a hiding-place, a secret chamber? This wall is unduly thick. There seems a space between your room and mine difficult to account for. I walked round the house before it was dusk. The course of the stonework is broken into. A fissure appears to have been filled up. I have been tapping along that side."

"You were searching for a panel that sounds hollow?"

"I have searched."

"And you can find one sounding differently?"

"No," he answered grimly; "I think you had better be getting to bed or you will be having colds. I was just turning in myself. I thought I would examine the room by daylight."

Happily we were overpowered. We had decided that it would be impossible to sleep, but drowsiness overtook us both.

When we got down Alfred was awaiting us. His face did not invite questioning, so I thought I would let him speak.

"I've had a look round, inside and out. I should like to go into your room. If I find nothing more, I shall give it up. But I am not going to believe in ghosts for all that," he added quickly.

"It is a very incomprehensible thing," I returned.

"I feel that it only wants a clue, and then all would be clear as daylight."

"But then," I persisted, "there is finding the clue."

"Of course, you believe in the ghost," said he, acidly.

"I didn't say so," I responded as tartly.

"Now, come," interrupted Cora, "don't you two quarrel over it. I shall be thankful when we get away."

Alfred examined the walls in our bedroom, tapping it as he had done in his own room; but, although he was convinced that the wall was unduly thick, he had to admit himself beaten.

"You can go to Mr. Fortescue and explain to him that we have decided not to stay. If there is anything to pay——"

"Pay! I shall not pay anything. He ought to have put in the advertisement that there was the unusual accessory of spirit-rapping."

Alfred was not yet restored to good humor. He returned from town though in better temper.

"I have seen Mr. Fortescue. He is not half a bad fellow. He says he should never think of levying blackmail. The house, he says, is uncanny. He wishes it was blown up."

We were seated at breakfast at Shrewsbury, Cora at the head of the table—and very nicely she posed as mistress, I proudly assert—Alfred hidden behind a morning paper, when suddenly Alfred dashed down his newspaper, so startling Cora she upset her cup. He raised the paper.

"Listen!" ejaculated he impressively:

"'CURIOUS DISCOVERY IN AN OLD HOUSE.—The workmen employed in the demolition of an old stone residence near Barton-upon-Humber (long a conspicuous object on the Humber) bank, have exposed to view a genuine secret chamber. The house has long enjoyed the reputation of being haunted, successive tenants complaining of nocturnal noises. A couple of skeletons brought to light and other relics give color to a tradition that a terrible tragedy was, at a far back time, enacted in the old house. A competent authority declares the bones to be those of male and female, and an indentation on the larger skull points to a violent death.'"

"Now then, Alfred," said I, with some self-complaisance, "how are you going to get over that?"

"Bah!" returned he impatiently and obstinately, I am not going to believe in ghosts yet."

"How do you account for those noises?" I persisted. "You will admit that you heard the whip on the door?"

"It is a mystery, and, as all such, must remain one," said Cora firmly.

Blind Tom.

HIS MOTHER SEEKS HIS CUSTODY BY MEANS OF THE LAW.

A. J. Lerdie, as counsel for Charity Wiggins, has filed in the United States Circuit Court at Alexandria a bill in equity as the next friend of Thomas Wiggins, generally known as "Blind Tom," against James W. Bethune, of Warrenton, the former master of "Blind Tom," and who, it is said, holds him yet under absolute control by an alleged commitment of a Virginia County Court, though "Blind Tom" never has been a resident of that State. The appeal was made to Judge Bond.

The bill asks for all monies Mr. Bethune has received since the amancipation of slaves by President Lincoln's proclamation, and that he make an account to the Court forthwith. Judge Bond has also granted an injunction restraining and forbidding Mr. Bethune, his agents or servants, to remove Blind Tom out of the jurisdiction of this Court. The injunction has been served on Bethune; also an order to show cause, returnable at Richmond on October 6th, why the custody of the person and estate of Blind Tom should not, by the order of this Court, be given and delivered to his mother or some other suitable person until the final decree be made, and that Bethune at the same time and place show cause why he should not immediately pay into the registry of this Court a sufficient sum of money, a part of the earnings of Tom now in his hands, to be applied to the care and maintenance of Tom as *non compos mentis* during the pending of the suit and the cost of this litigation.

This is about the outline of the controversy. The questions involved go back to the time of the emancipation, and it is the only case on record since that time which brings that matter up. Tom's mother resides in New York. She is an intelligent old woman, and left her former home to gain the rights of her son, who has worked thirty years and has made by his concerts thousands of dollars, supporting the Bethunes and making them rich, while he himself is virtually yet a slave.

At this time of the year remember the old saying, that "fruit eaters need no doctors." But keep the bottle of colic-mixture handy.

Edgar—Connell.

The following account of the marriage of S. W. Edgar and Miss Mattie Connell, of Scranton, we take from the New York *Sun*. Mr. Edgar is well-known to many of our readers in this section:

SCRANTON, Sept. 2.—All things being considered, the wedding of Miss Mattie Connell to Mr. S. W. Edgar, here this morning, was an exceedingly interesting affair. Miss Mattie Connell is the oldest daughter of Mr. William Connell, who lives in a fine residence on the corner of Clay avenue and Vine street. Mr. Connell is President of the Third National Bank, President of the Young Men's Christian Association, an influential member of the Adams Avenue M. E. Church, and one of the most opulent coal operators in the Lackawanna region. He has done a great deal to build up the industries of Scranton, and no man here is more active in business than he. His wealth is estimated at more than a million dollars. One of his most intimate associates and warmest personal friends until a few months ago was a lawyer named Samuel W. Edgar. Two years ago last spring Mr. Edgar's wife died. He and his wife had been frequent callers at the Connell residence, and he called there occasionally after his wife's death. A little more than a year after that Mr. Edgar began to pay attention to Miss Mattie, and later it became evident that they were in love.

Mr. Connell did not appear to realize that Mr. Edgar had won his daughter's affections until Mr. Edgar asked him for her hand in marriage. Mr. Connell was surprised to learn from Mr. Edgar that his daughter was willing to become Mrs. Edgar in case her father was willing also, but Mr. Connell peremptorily refused to give his consent, would listen to no argument on the question, and ordered Mr. Edgar to cease his visits at the house. Thereafter the lovers were obliged to meet elsewhere than at the paternal residence, but they managed to meet all the same without the father's knowledge. It was understood that Mr. Connell objected to the marriage because he wanted his daughter to marry a man who stood higher in the social scale than Edgar did, but the young lady loved Edgar, and had made up her mind to marry him no matter how much her father objected to her doing so. Mrs. Connell is said to have been willing to let her daughter do as she wished in the matter, although she preferred that Mattie should obey her father. About a week ago Miss Mattie told her father she was to be married to Edgar this morning. She said that she had fully determined on that course, and that nothing could change her determination. Mr. Connell is said to have told her that he would both disown and disinherit her if she married Edgar, and as Miss Connell has a strong will like her father the scene is said to have been stormy.

Last night the news of the approaching marriage spread through the neighborhood, and at 8 o'clock this morning there was a crowd at the Adams Avenue M. E. Church, where the marriage was to take place. Mr. Connell was not at home when his daughter left there this morning, probably for the last time. About all she took with her was the travelling costume which she wore. The parting between Mattie and her mother is said to have been very affecting. At 8½ o'clock the Rev. Lewis C. Muller, pastor of the church, married the couple. Only a few of the young lady's relatives were present. The bride and groom took breakfast at the residence of James S. McAnulty, whose wife, a sister of Mattie, has stood by her during her troubles at home. Mr. Edgar is a man of excellent character and has a fine law practice. His bride will not go home again unless her father forgives her. This forenoon Mr. and Mrs. Edgar left the city on their wedding tour.

Expensive Funerals.

The subject of the extravagance that too frequently attends the burial of the dead, is one that has been much discussed. Everybody agrees that it is carried to extremes, and yet no one seems ready to inaugurate a change when an opportunity is offered. The following article from the *Times* accords with our views:

We are undoubtedly arriving at that point in our national progress when a sweeping reform is necessary in the matter of burying the dead. The scandal that all men are beginning to fear in connection with the expenses of the Grant funeral is only a larger illustration of smaller instances equal in demoralizing power. It is no secret anywhere that the pomp and ceremony attendant upon the average burial cost twice or thrice what they are worth, and it is equally well known that families who can but ill afford such display from false motives yet endeavor to imitate it. All over the country the same extravagances are appar

THE COLUMBIAN.

O. F. Elwell,
J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1885.

DEMOCRATIC CALL.

The members of the Democratic County Committee will meet in the parlors of the Exchange Hotel, at Bloomsburg, Pa., at 11 o'clock a. m., on Tuesday, the 15th day of September, to nominate a candidate for District Attorney. All members are requested to be present.

D. LOWENBERG, Chairman.
A. M. FREAS, Secretary.

A severe snow storm occurred at Dakota on Saturday. In Minnesota, Iowa and Wisconsin frost fell, and in some place ice found. On Monday a hail storm passed through Maryland.

The Philadelphia *Press* of Monday gave several columns of reports of the revival of trade throughout this state. Very encouraging reports in the iron trade came from Pittsburg, Johnstown, Easton and Columbia. At Hazleton and Wilkesbarre, all the manufactories are working on full time with orders increasing. In the oil region the outlook is better than it has been for many years. In the counties bordering on Philadelphia all the manufactories are in operation and look for general activity in business this winter.

Professor Muttrich, of Berlin, has reached the following conclusion from his forest meteorological researches: That the forest exercises a positive influence on the temperature of the air. That the daily variations of temperature are lessened by the forest, and in Summer more than Winter. That the influence of the leafy forest is in Summer greater than that of the pine forest, while in Winter the tempering influence of the pine forest preponderates over that of the defoliated forest. An attempt to determine the influence of the forest on the mean annual temperature led to no sure results.

Reports received at the War Department from the Indian Territory indicate that the terms of the President's proclamation in regard to the removal of the cattle are being fully complied with, and the cattlemen are moving their cattle as rapidly as possible. So long as the authorities are satisfied that the cattle-men are acting in good faith in the matter and are using due diligence in moving their herds no interference will be allowed, but if it is found that they are unnecessarily prolonging their departure and are willfully disregarding the proclamation, United States troops will be ordered to drive them and their cattle from the territory.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue was recently notified that the contractor for manufacturing internal revenue stamp paper was using wood pulp in violation of his contract. The Commissioner therefore declined to accept 60,000 pounds of paper. The contractor is Mr. Alexander Belfonr, and the specifications provided that the paper should be made from cotton and paper pulp, whereas, he was making it from a chemically prepared wood pulp. It is stated that when the 60,000 pounds were first rejected the contractor wanted the Commissioner to take it at a greatly reduced price, but this was refused and the paper was absolutely rejected. The specifications have since been fully complied with, and the paper now being made is accepted.

The report that a wild man was wandering in the woods on Bald Mountain near Wilkesbarre was followed up Saturday last by a searching party who found an apparently insane young man in the hut of Jacob Knecht, a woodchopper. Knecht said he had found the man roaming the woods and had taken care of him.

He lay upon a rude bench in a small outhouse, his arms and legs cut and bruised and his clothing disordered. He seemed to be a maniac with lucid intervals. He gave his name as John Connor, and his home as Lykens, in Dauphin County. Some guardian angel had sent him to the woods, he said, but he could give no account of himself. He had been several days on the mountain and had lived on leaves and berries.

The searchers clothed him in decent garments, had him washed, brought him to Wilkes Barre and placed him in the hospital.

Workingmen's Holiday.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—The annual parade of the labor organizations of this city and vicinity took place to-day, fixed as a workingmen's holiday throughout the United States. It is estimated that fully 20,000 men were in the ranks. These represented every trade that could be named. In the ranks were brass bands and drum corps, and men bearing flags, banners, and transparencies with mottoes of different kinds. There were also wagons, coaches, and stages filled with girls from the silk factories. The procession attracted a great deal of attention. The best appearing body of men were the bakers, but the Typographical Union turned out the largest number of men, the chapels of the prominent newspapers being indicated by handsome banners.

CHICAGO, Sept. 7.—The labor demonstration here to-day was an affair of considerable magnitude. The day was a perfect one for the parade and fully 8,000 men were in line representing the various trades assemblies and unions of the city. The parade was the outgrowth of an effort to have an annual holiday for the working classes of the country, and was conducted under the auspices of the various trades assemblies. In arranging for the demonstration it was decided to not allow the red flag of the socialists to be carried, and this provoked a counter movement on the part of the anarchists, who paraded yesterday. In the column to-day the American colors only were displayed, together with banners of the various socities and impromptu banners emblazoned with mottoes to the effect that eight hours should constitute a working day, and denouncing convict labor. In the column were a number of decorated wagons on which the process of printing a paper, making horse-shoes and cutting stone were illustrated.

Judicial Amendment

For some time past a notice has appeared in two of the County papers in each County of the State announcing a proposed Amendment to the Constitution. The first one to note the error was Dr. Stevenson, of Lawrence county, who voted against the bill and was aware of its defeat. After Dr. Stevenson had announced the error an investigation was made among the records and journal of the House and Senate and it was discovered that the joint resolution proposing to amend the Constitution so as to make the population of a judicial district 60,000 instead of 40,000, which it was supposed passed both branches of the Legislature, did not receive the constitutional majority in the lower House.

The "joint resolution" referred to was passed by the Senate and sent to the House. It went through the usual preliminary stages successfully, but on final passage, as was ascertained by the House Journal, as yet printed but not bound and ready for delivery, it was defeated by 85 yeas to 27 nays, not receiving the 101 votes required by the Constitution for its passage. In the rush and hurry of last day legislation, after the bill had been messaged to the Senate as defeated, it must have been gathered up with bills that had passed, transcribed and presented to the Speakers of both Houses, who signed it along with the other bills. It was then sent to the Governor, bearing all the marks of having passed both branches, but the Governor did not sign it, choosing to allow it to become a law but not taking action on it within the thirty days allowed him after the adjournment of the Legislature. Secretary Stenger, himself, was misled in the matter, and sent out the advertisements referred to in the enclosed slip. The fault, undoubtedly, lies in the Senate, which messaged a defeated bill

The advertisement of the proposed amendment to the Constitution has been published for the past five weeks and yet out of the 201 members of the House and 50 members of the Senate the error has just been discovered, and all this expense to the State made for naught or rather on account of the loose manner in which business is done at Harrisburg.

Honest vs. Sham Reform.

The *Evening Post* is satisfied with the results of the first six months of President Cleveland's Administration, because in that space of time, which is one-eighth of Mr. Cleveland's term, "only about one-eighth of the Republicans whom he found in place have been succeeded by Democrats." Our Mugwump Republican contemporary shows that among "the chiefs of division and heads of bureaus" not embraced in the "classified service" not one change has been made in the State, War, or Navy Department, and only fifteen out of seventy in the Treasury Department; that Mr. Bayard has made no more changes in consulates than Mr. Blaine made in the same space of time; that the President has only given 524 appointments as postmasters out of 2,300 in his gift, and that the changes in fourth-class offices filled by the Postmaster have numbered 6,309 in the six months out of 49,000, while the changes under Arthur averaged 6,000 in each six months of his term.

The Republicans may well be satisfied with the interpretation of a Civil-Service Reform law which leaves their partisans in possession of nearly all the offices. Mr. Thomas V. Cooper, Chairman of the Republican State Committee of Pennsylvania, has already commenced the customary party practice of levying assessments on the Republican office-holders in the several Federal departments and bureaus, desiring from each "an early subscription to the State Committee and as liberal as you can afford it." As the "stand-and-deliver" circulars have been addressed to the Republican employees and delivered to them in the public buildings where they are employed, it is supposed that those who send them are liable to prosecution under the Civil-Service law.

What a spectacle of Civil-Service Reform" is here presented! Republicans on the one hand eulogizing the Democratic President because he keeps more than seven-eighths of the Federal offices filled with Republicans and Republicans on the other hand demanding under a Democratic Reform Administration political assessments from these retained Republican office-holders.

We favor honest Civil Service Reform, one of the features of which is to protect Federal office-holders from political sharks of the Thomas V. Cooper breed. We insist that a fair, non-partisan Civil Service means a service in which both political parties shall be represented, and not one which keeps nearly 100,000 Republican spoils-grabbing partisans in office, to the exclusion of Democrats, who are a majority of the people. We insist also that President Cleveland is bound by his pledges and was elected to turn out Republicans not embraced in the classified service, and to put Democrats in their place until the offices shall be more equally and justly divided between the great parties, to get at the bottom of the books and accounts, to unearth and uproot dishonest methods and to cleanse and purify the public service.

When the just and proper share of the offices is filled by capalbe, honest and faithful Democrats, it will be in accordance with honest civil-Service Reform to make no removals except for cause. It is not in accordance with honest Civil Service to keep seven eighths of the offices in the hands of Republican partisans and to afford political highwaymen an opportunity to rob them under the mask of political assessments.— *World.*

Bald Eagles

A pair of fine specimens of the Gray or Bald Eagle, were captured recently by Dave Spealman and Joe Carney, two daring and inseparable woodsmen, citizens of Saltsburg, Penna. The whereabout aerie of these rare ornithological specimen, had been sighted several days previous—in one of the secluded dells that abound in the valley of Beaver Run. After the perilous adventure of climbing a tree over three feet in diameter and 75 feet high before reaching the nest, Dave succeeded in securing his prey in the nest, which was ingeniously constructed, and having the capacity of holding about a bushel, the two young ones, nearly full fledged, with two eggs that were unsound, were secured, and our bold adventurer made haste to drop the two beauties to his ardent and awaiting comrade far in the deep dell below. The minrods propose domesticating their newly acquired prices which we think will be very easily accomplished, as they seem quite teachable and docile in their hands.

The President Home Again.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—The President and his private secretary arrived here a few minutes after 8 o'clock this morning over the Baltimore and Potomac road. Albert Hawkins the old colored coachman, met them at the depot with the coupe and they were soon taking breakfast in the White House. The President looks as brown as a berry, and his nose is beginning to peel from the scorching of the fierce Adirondack sun experienced during the past few weeks. He was attired in a silk hat and black Prince Albert coat, and looked like a country merchant come to town in his Sunday suit.

President Cleveland has decided that office-seekers will be restricted in their visits to one day per week, and a second call by an office-seeker will not be permitted. The public will also be restricted to one day per week.

Several hours were spent this morning in going over the 2,000 letters which have accumulated in the White House mail during the summer vacation. The President scanned the newspapers of the past three weeks hastily, as he had not kept up with the current news of the day while on his fishing trip. The President denied himself to all visitors during the forenoon except Secretary Bayard and Secretary Manning.

Speculative State Treasurers.

If any one is desirous of securing the State Treasurer's office for the personal profit that may be made by the old Republican custom of putting out the State funds with the banks, for a per centage, it might be well enough for such a speculative individual to consider well the case of ex-Treasurer Bailey as illustrating the risk attending such a custom. The officer placed $70,000 in a shaky banking institution in the oil regions. The Supreme Court has decided, on a question between him and his bondsmen, that the Treasurer is personally responsible for the loss the State sustained through that venture.

When a candidate for State Treasurer is a professional politician who lives upon what he can pick up in politics, and is not adverse to pick up enough to be able to live in good style, it is the next thing to a certainty that he will risk the State's money in such adventures. It is the only way in which the office can be made worth having. What would be the use of throwing the whole State into consternation about the danger to the tariff involved in the Treasurer question if there could be no more made out of the office than just the salary? It wouldn't pay to fight the war over again and stir up the dead issues of the rebellion in a State Treasurer campaign if there wasn't a chance for the incumbent to make a handsome percentage by lending money to the banks? That is what the office is for in the opinion of the professional politician who, it may be regarded as certain, will use the State money for all it is worth to his own advantage.

If $70,000, or any other sum, large or small, is lost by the failure of one of the banks that have been accomodated with the state money, and the Treasurer hasn't enough property to make him responsible, and the Court decides that the bail is not responsible, as has just been the case in the Bailey suit, the only party responsible for the loss is the people for being so foolish as to elect to so important an office a person who had no other visible means of support than politics. It is much safer to elect to that office an honest, practical business man, who would no more think of putting out the State money at wild cat interest than he would think of investing his own in such a speculation.—*Patriot.*

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 7, 1885.

President Lincoln used to say that he looked under his bed every night for concealed office seekers. The present Administration, perhaps takes the same precaution. But it also has been looking over and under the desks and books so long held by the truly too good Republican party and the day that some long concealed fraud is not discovered is an exceptional day. The list has now become so large that it can not well be carried around in ones mind. It will be interesting to see it written out in full and the amounts saved by the Government added up. And yet, has hardly begun. Investigations are now in progress in which the public knows nothing, but their results will be disclosed in due time.

It is well known that the work of discovering and reforming frauds and abuses is hindered and frustrated by the Republican clerks which surround the new Administration on all hands. How can they allow, much less assist with enthusiasm, the work of their over-throw, and how much more could be accomplished if the malefactors and their accomplices were turned out, and sincere sympathizers put in their places! The Republican clerks are doing everything in their power to impede the work of investigation and discovery. They are fertile in excuses, and specious explanations for the members of their party who have done wrong.

I am told, on what seems to be pretty good authority, that the Civil Service Commission is likely to be reorganized in the interest of reform. If the halt that is said is true it certainly needs it. An expense account of Commissioner Gregory has just been made public which shows that this reformer, when he travels, charges the Government for the newspapers he reads and the "tips" which the sleeping-car porters and the waiters at five-dollar-a-day hotels are given. It would seem to be straining a point for a reformer to make such charges as these under the clause of the law that provided for the payment of "necessary travelling expenses." If a Civil Service Commissioner is to have his "tips" and newspapers paid for by the Government, where can it end? Why should not drinks and cigars be paid for as well. There are officials who might consider these necessary travelling expenses. But for a reformer who is getting $11.50 per day and his travelling expenses to charge the Government with five cents a piece for the newspapers he reads and the two-bit piece with which he fees a servant seems small indeed, and under the law it is a little short of petit larceney. Wouldn't the Commissioner have to black his boots and read a newspaper if he was not travelling, or does he indulge in those luxuries simply while on the road?

A prominent business man and Chairman of the Democratic Central Committee at Cleveland, Ohio, was in the city last week. He said that everything was looking particularly bright for the Democrats in that State. Hoadly carried the State by 12,000 majority two years ago. And he thinks that he will have at least 20,000 this time. "The Democracy," he says, "is united and harmonious. They appreciate the importance of success, and the people see, since Sherman's bad freak at Mount Gilead, that the Republicans have next to nothing to stand on except the bloody shirt issue. This has become tiresome and a large number of Republicans, who are disgusted with their party, but who do not exactly wish to vote the Democratic ticket will vote for Prohibition."

The return of the President to Washington will be the signal for an exodous from the watering places. It is expected that all the members of the Cabinet will be in the city before the end of the week. Secretary Whitney is expected in the Navy Department to-day. Secretary Manning has returned to the Treasury Department and is at work. Nobody knows where Secretary Lamar is, or if he does know, he will not tell He stole away last week and it is supposed that he is enjoying a brief rest within easy reach of the Cabinet table. Post Master-General Villas has telegraphed that he is on his way East. Atty. General Garland has left his farm and log cabin in Arkansas, and is on his way to Washington. Secretary Bayard has not been absent except on Sundays.

An Ohio Town in Ruins.

A tornado on Tuesday evening at eight o'clock almost completely demolished a town called Washington Court House.

The storm came from the northwest, and broke upon the town very suddenly, carrying everything before it. The tornado whirled up Court street, the main business thoroughfare, and ruined almost every business block in it, at least forty or fifty in all. Hardly a private residence in the town escaped, fully 400 buildings going down. The Baptist, Presbyterian and Catholic churches all suffered the common fate.

The Ohio Southern, Pan Handle, NarrowGauge and Midland Railroad depots were blown into "smithereens," and every building in the vicinity was carried away, making ingress or egress almost impossible. Every wire within a circuit of two miles is down.

The reports of the catastrophe were sent by a telegraph operator who tapped a wire two miles west of town, and, sitting in a heavy rain storm, worked his instrument. The panic stricken people were taken completely unawares, and fled from the tumbling buildings in every direction through the murky darkness.

A mad frenzy seemed to seize the people, and they hurried hither and thither in their wild distraction, little knowing whither they were fleeing. After the whirlwind, which lasted about ten minutes, a heavy rain set in, which continued unabated throughout the night. Sheriff Rankin ordered out the militia, which took charge and helped get order out of chaos.

All the gas went out when the storm came up. The gas works were destroyed. Bon fires had to be burnt in streets to give light for the searchers. One of the injured is the manager of the Telephone Exchange. He was hurled across the street and had an arm, leg and collar-bone broken. Some houses were lifted up and carried bodily several hundred feet.

As soon as a few of the cooler heads recovered their senses, searching parties were organized and the sad work of looking for the dead began. The glimmer of lanterns, procured from farm houses in the vicinity and from the few houses left standing, was the only light they had to work by. Two or three bodies were stumbled upon in the middle of the street, where they were stricken down by flying bricks or timbers. The cellars of houses and every sort of refuge were filled with shivering people, huddling together in the vain attempt to keep warm. One babe in arms died from exposure.

Fully 300 people were hurt. The loss will exceed $1,000,000.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

For the cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of consumptive persons in advanced stages of the Disease. For Sale by all Druggists. Price, 25 cents.

MATTHEW TEUFEL,

Stairbuilding in All its Branches.

Mr. Matthew Teufel, of Catawissa, Pa., wishes to inform the public that he is prepared to fill all orders in the stairbuilding line on the shortest notice. Hand-railing, newel posts, &c., made to order and shipped to any point. Mr. Teufel being a practical workman in his line and does his own work, enables him to sell at reasonable rates. Shop rear of Grange hall. Orders by mail promptly attended to. sep-11-4t.*

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELMINA HUNTINGTON, A MINOR CHILD OF JOHN GIGER, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Columbia county on exceptions to the account of J. B. Rupert, guardian of said ward, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on Wednesday, September 16th, 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m. for the purposes of his appointment, when and where all persons interested may attend if they think proper. F. P. BILLMEYER,
Aug. 21, 4w. Auditor.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on

Monday, Sept. 28th, 1885,

at 2 o'clock, p. m., all that certain messuage and lot of ground situate in the village of Centreville Columbia county, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by a public road running from Bloomsburg to Berwick, on the east by a public road leading to a ferry across the Susquehanna river, on the west by lot of Wesley Price being lot No. 7 in the plot of said village, and on the south by an alley. The said lot being marked on the plot of said village No. 8, being seventy-nine feet and six inches in front, and one hundred and seventy-nine feet and six inches in depth. Whereon are erected a large two-story frame building used as a hotel, inn or tavern, with out buildings, stable or barn, a well of water with pump.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of H. B. Low vs John S. Mann, and to be sold as the property of John S. Mann.

Ikeler & Herring, atty's. Vend Ex.

ALSO.

All that certain messuage or tract of land situate in the township of Benton, county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of Valentine Meyers on the east and south by lands of Alfred Rantz and on the west by public road leading from Stillwater to Benton, containing three and one-third acres whereon are erected a two story plank house and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suits of D. McHenry's use, and B. F. Kinney's use vs Wm. A. Coleman and to be sold as the property of Wm. A. Coleman.

Little's Atty's.
Knorr & Wintersteen atty's. Al. Fi. Fa.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, on Saturday, the 3rd day of October, 1885, at two o'clock p. m. under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Penna., entitled, "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto for the charter of an intended corporation to be called, "The Benton Agricultural Association," the character and object of which is the maintainance of facilities for holding of fairs or exhibitions of agricultural and horticultural products with the right to rent, purchase and hold real estate necessary for these purposes and to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by the said Act of Assembly and its supplements. sep-11-3t.

FARM LOANS

7 and 8 Per cent. secured by FIRST MORTGAGES. Interest to investors safe as GOVERNMENT BONDS. Interest payable semi-annually, at office or bank of mortgagee. 12 years' experience, and never lost a dollar for any customer. Best of references given as to ability, integrity and financial standing. Write us for circular giving reference and particulars. LEBOLD, FISHER & CO., Bankers and Loan Agents, Abilene, Kan. sept-11-4t.

COURSEN, CLEMONS & CO.
Limited,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Crockery, Glassware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Window Glass, and Plated-ware,

The 56 candle-power marsh electric lamp. The celebrated Pinafore Burner. Bird Cages, Fruit Jars.

422 Lackawanna Avenue. SCRANTON, Pa. may 1-1y

1885. *State Fair.* 1885.
31st ANNUAL EXHIBITION
Pennsylvania
AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY,
Broad St. & Lehigh Ave.,
PHILADELPHIA.

ENTRIES AND COMPETITION FREE.

September 23 to October 14, 1885.

$50,000 in Premiums.

Excursion Tickets on All Railroads.

A. WILHELM, President.
D. W. SEILER, Recording Sec'y. ELDRIDGE McCONKEY, Corresponding Sec'y. sep-11-3t.

N. W. AYER & SON
ADVERTISING AGENTS
TIMES BUILDING PHILADELPHIA
Cor. Chestnut and Eighth Sts.
Receive Advertisements for this Paper.
ESTIMATES For NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING at Lowest Cash Rates FREE
Send 10c. in stamps for AYER & SON'S MANUAL

Dr. McTaggart

This noted Specialist of Scranton, is the only specialist this side of New York, Philadelphia and Buffalo who makes an exclusive specialty of treating chronic, long standing and lingering diseases to which man and womankind are subject, such as Consumption, Bronchial affections, Scrofula, Salt-Rheum, Loss of Manhood, Skin diseases, Rheumatism, Ulcers, Old Sores, Epilepsy, Syphilis, Deafness, Loss of Voice, Chronic Diarrhœa, Chills and Fever, Worms, Liver complaint, Cancers, Tumors, Paralysis, Tape worm, Heart disease, &c., &c.

☞ Female diseases a specialty.

No matter how long you have been suffering nor how many Doctors you have employed in vain, you should apply to Dr. MCTAGGART at once, when he will tell directly without holding out false hopes whether your disease is strictly curable or can only be relieved.

He owes his wide reputation for the successful treatment of all lingering or chronic diseases to experience and close application for over 20 years, and to no *miraculous power.*

WHAT THE PAPERS SAY:

"He is skillful honest, efficient, upright and reliable and well worthy of the people's confidence and esteem. He always says exactly what he means and means exactly what he says."—Scranton *Republican.*

"He is too useful a man to lose."—Lackawanna *Democrat.*

Corner Lackawanna and Washington Avenues.
SCRANTON, PA.
Sept 11-1y

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-St., N. Y. aug 11-1 y.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.
QUALITY P PURITY NOT QUANTITY
On Every Bottle.
Trade Mark
THE BEST TONIC.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely **Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.**

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the **Kidneys and Liver.**

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to **Women,** and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—*other Iron medicines do.*

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

☞ The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other.

Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

COLDS. "Orrville, Ohio, Sept. 10, 1882. "Having been subject to a **bronchial affection,** with frequent **colds,** for a number of years, I hereby certify that AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL gives me prompt relief, and is the most effective remedy I have ever tried.
JAMES A. HAMILTON,
Editor of *The Crescent.*"

COUGHS. "Mt. Gilead, Ohio, June 26, 1882. "I have used AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL this spring for a severe **cough** and **lung trouble** with good effect, and I am pleased to recommend it to any one similarly affected.
HARVEY BAUGHMAN,
Proprietor Globe Hotel."
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

TEA AND COFFEE A handsome VASE LAMP given with a $5 order for Tea and Coffee. An iron Stone CHAMBER SET, 10 pieces, or a TEA SET, 44 pieces, or a handsome BRONZE HANGING LAMP given with a $10 order. A CHAMBER SET of 10 pieces, with blue, maroon or pink band or an IRON STONE CHINA TEA SET of 56 pieces, or a GLASS SET of 50 pieces given with a $12 order. HANDSOME PREMIUMS, consisting of Decorated China Ware in Tea Sets, also Dinner and Tea Sets combined, and Chamber Sets, etc., etc., given with orders for $18, $20, $25, $28 and $50. Send for circular, which will give you full particulars. GRAND UNION TEA COMPANY, 25 South Main St., Wilkes Barre, Pa. headquarters 80 Front street, New York City. may 15-1y CLUB ORDERS

GRAND JURORS

FOR SEPTEMBER TERM.

Bloom—Isaac Yost, S. C. Shives, S. W. Shutt.
Beaver—Jesse Rittenhouse.
Berwick—Daniel Reedy, John L. Bloss, H. M. Hockman.
Catawissa—Emory Getchy, Geo. Guinn.
Center—M. Millard, Geo. L. Fress.
Centralia—W. J. Sweney, D. C. Black.
Fishingcreek—Richard Hess, Frank Wolf, Josiah Coleman.
Jackson—E. J. Sones.
Locust—Wm. Prahler, John Belig.
Orange—Phineas Young, Frank Kiefer, E. H. Sloan.
Pine—John Potter.
Scott—John Waters.

TRAVERSE JURY

FOR SEPTEMBER TERM. FIRST WEEK.

Bloom—James Cadman, William Shoemaker, jr., Peter Gross, William Werts, Clinton Sterling.
Beaver—Moses Schlicher, Isaac Harrigar, Simon Rittenhouse.
Benton—John Keeler,
Berwick—S. L. McBride.
Briarcreek—Geo. Bower, J. W. Eck, Levi Shaffer.
Catawissa—Lewis Hayhurst, Sam'l. Long, jr., A. H. Sharpless.
Center—Jacob Hetler, John W. Miller.
Conyngham—Geo. Keller.
Franklin—Sylvester Hower.
Greenwood—S. B. Kisner.
Jackson—Frank Yorks, Frank Young.
Locust—Sam'l. Adams.
Maine—Joseph Hartzell, Nathan Miller.
Mifflin—Reuben Fry, M. B. Hetler.
Orange—D. W. Hicks.
Pine—Benjamin Lee.
Scott—Alfred Jacobs, C. Bittenbender, Joseph Musselman.
Sugarloaf—Daniel Fritz, D. H. Steadman, Wm. Karnes.

SECOND WEEK.

Bloom—Joshua Fetterman, Charles Hassert.
Benton—David Cressley, J. J. Karnes.
Berwick—Boyd Hosler, A. T. Creasy.
Briarcreek—A. H. Fedder.
Catawissa—Nelson Hartman.
Centralia—Wm. E. Davis, John Hennesey, O. B. Miliard,
Conyngham—James Lewins, jr.
Franklin—Geo. Munson, Benjamin Sheets,
Greenwood—John Bruner, Abram Drebleibis,
Geo. Greenley, Cornelius Reece.
Hemlock—Geo. Hartzell, Joseph Hummer.
Jackson—Isaac Lewis, Miles Everhart.
Locust—Wm. Demick, Charles Wagner.
Madison—Lewis Heddings, Robt. Mannon, Jacob Wintersteen.
Mt. Pleasant—A. J. Ikeler, Joseph L. Crawford.
Orange—G. P. Stiner, M. L. Kline.
Pine—A. E. Girton.
Scott—Charles Winters, A. C. Hiday, E. B. Purcell.
Sugarloaf—John W. Klie.

TRIAL LIST

FOR SEPTEMBER TERM.

William H. Ivey vs Clara Ivey.
Mary C. Sheafer vs William Savidge.
Frederick Hostler to use etc. vs D. H. & W. R. H. Co.
Jacob Buyer vs David VanHorn.
Stephen Bittenbender vs Samuel Bower et al.
Henry Thomas vs Benj. Gearhart et al.
W. A. M. Grier vs J. McAlarny Ex'r.
Thomas Geraghty vs William Tyson et al.
Holly McHenry et ux vs William E. Patterson.
James Bird vs Darling Culp et al.
Richard George's use vs Conyngham twp.
George Boyer vs Thomas Gerits.
Hess and Thomas vs H. F. Everett.
McCready Bros. vs Com M. P. Ins. Co. of Columbia.
Adams & Son vs Francis Adams, Trustee.
William Ebner vs M. G. Smith.
J. J. McHenry vs Dyer C. Moss' Ex'r.
Mary C. Holmes vs J. S. Woods et ux.
W. H. Vorgey vs Locust Mt. Water Co.
Archibald Patterson vs William E. Patterson.
H. E. Heacock vs William Mastellar.
Montgomery Cox et ux vs Nicholas Beagle.
C. D. Fowler vs Berwick Boro.
Casper Frantz vs Berwick Boro.
William E. Tubbs et al vs Isaiah Bower et al.
John L. Sponenburg vs Berwick Boro.
John Bomboy vs M. M. Hartzell.
T. F. Craig vs Mahala Craig.
Frank Stewart vs Daniel F. Seybert.
Nicholas Beagle vs Montgomery Cox.
A. K. Smith vs Samuel Brugler.
J. J. Crawford vs Hiram Thomas.
C. B. Brockway vs Locust Mt. C. & L. Co. et al.
Wainwright & Co. vs Conyngham & Centralia Poor District.
C. W. McKelvy et al vs C. B. Brockway.
D. F. Seybert vs Adams & Son.
A. H. Herring et al vs S. C. Creasy.
John B. Casey vs H. A. Sweppenhiser.
Geo. P. Stiner vs Elijah Albertson.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following account has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and will be presented to the said Court on the fourth Monday of September, A. D. 1885, and confirmed nisi, and after the fourth day of said Term confirmed absolute unless exceptions are filed within that time.

1st, First and final account of Andrew Fowler committee of the person and estate of Elizabeth Detterich a lunatic.

WM. H. SNYDER,
Prothonotary.

Prothonotary's office, Bloomsburg, Pa., Sept. 1, '85.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR INCORPORATION.

IN THE COMMON PLEAS FOR THE CO. OF COLUMBIA.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the said court on Monday, the 28th day of September, A. D. 1885, at three o'clock in the afternoon, under the Corporation act of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and the supplements thereto, by James Dyke, George H. Cope, John Lamnet, Robert P. Jones and John E. Davis, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Odd Fellows Cemetery Association of the borough of Centralia, Columbia county, Pa.," the character and object of which is establishing and maintaining a cemetery or burial place for deceased bodies, in or upon grounds on the Locust Mountain, east of the borough of Centralia, in said Columbia county, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by the said act and its supplements.

CHARLES G. BARKLEY,
Aug.-14-4t. Solicitor.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,
PHILADELPHIA

TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES

SPICES, RICARD SODA, &C., &C.

N. E. Corner Second and Arch streets.

☞ Orders will receive prompt attention

Read and Save Money,
Now is the time to Build.

No 1 German Pine Siding 5 or 6 in. wide $17 00 per m.
No 1 ¼ inch siding planed, 14 00 "
" Hemlock german siding, 6 inch 14 00 "
" flooring, 14 00 "
" white pine " 17 00 "
" yellow " 16 00 "
" surfaced pine boards, 17 00 "
" sawed pine shingles, 3 90 "
No 2 " " " 2 90 "
No 3 " " " 1 75 "
No 1 sap sawed pine shingles, 1 75 "
" hemlock sawed " 2 00 "
" heart shaved pine " from $5 00 to 7 00 "
" sap " " " 3 00 to 4 50 "
" hemlock " " " 4 00 to 4 50 "
" shingle lath, 2 75 "
" plastering lath, 2 00 "
Hemlock fencing, 9 50 "
" guaged fencing 6 inch wide, 10 00 "
" boards 10 to 12 inch wide, 10 00 "
" bills any size from $10 00 to 11 00 "

I keep a full stock of the above kinds of Lumber always on hand, and will sell at these prices during year of 1885.

H. B. LOW,
Orangeville, Columbia Co., Pa.
apr 3-6m

$50 REWARD.
—FOR—
Every Ounce of Adulteration
—IN THE—
New Process Soap
THE WONDERFUL 3-LB BAR.
MADE ONLY BY
Gowans & Stover,
Buffalo, N. Y.
For sale by all first-class grocers.
April 10-1-yr

PRICE LIST OF
ROOFING SLATE
On Cars at Quarry.

No. 1 Slate	$3.00 to $4.00
No. 1 Rib Slate	3.00 to 3.25
Seconds	3.00
No. 2 Rib Slate	2.50
Red Slate	10.50
Green Slate	4.50

J. L. HULL,
26 Lackawanna Avenue, Scranton, Pa
May 26-1y

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate!

The undersigned will offer at public sale on

Friday, Sep. 25, 1885,

at 11 o'clock a. m., on the premises, all that certain piece, parcel and tract of land situate in the township of Jackson, county of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post, thence by land now or late of Matthew McHenry, north fifty-seven degrees west two hundred and thirty-one perches to a white oak; thence by land of the heirs of Wesley Snyder dec'd north thirty-one and one-half degrees east one hundred and sixty-two perches and eight-tenths to a post; thence by land of Joshua Savage south sixty degrees east seventy-nine perches to a post; thence by land now or late of Ephriam McHenry south eleven and one-half degrees west, thirty-three perches and five-tenths to a post; thence by land of same south fifteen degrees east thirty-one perches and four-tenths to a post; thence by land of the same south forty-one degrees west thirty-two perches to a post; thence by land of the same south fifty-seven degrees east, one hundred and twenty-three perches and nine-tenths to a post; thence by land now or late of Daniel S. McHenry south thirty-two and one-fourth degrees west eighty-three perches to the place of beginning, containing

171 ACRES

and 144 perches, strict measure. On which is erected a good

WAT R POWER SAW MILL.

The above described tract is a timber tract well covered with good growing timber. As the property must be sold this is a rare chance for securing a good tract of timber land.

TERMS OF SALE:—Same as the usual Orphans' Court terms, to-wit: Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation absolute and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi. Purchaser to give approved security for the faithful payment of purchase money, according to the above terms.

AARON KELCHNER, E. L. KELCHNER,
JOHN FESTER, H. C. KELCHNER,
LEVI FESTER, G. W. KELCHNER,
Executors of John Kelchner, dec'd.

ALSO

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., the undersigned executors of the estate of John Kelchner dec'd will expose to

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1885.

Correct Railroad Time Table.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6:36 a. m.	11:49 a. m.
3:42 p. m.	6:18 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6:21 a. m.	8:30 a. m.
10:21 a. m.	11:44 a. m.
2:30 p. m.	4:34 p. m.
6:3b p. m.	8:47 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Perry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:52 a. m.	12:08 p. m.
6:37 p. m.	4:15 p. m.

Cheap Advertisements.

Advertisements will be inserted in our local columns at the following rates:

Situations wanted, free.
Lost or found, free.
Help wanted, 20 cents.
Rooms to rent, 20 cents.
One time each, or 3 times, 40 cents.

Standing Offers.

The COLUMBIAN is offered on the following terms:

COLUMBIAN and N. Y. Weekly *World* 1 yr.	$2.20
" " Phila. " *Times* "	2.35
" " *American Agriculturist* "	2.50
" " *Tribune & Farmer* "	2.25

Other papers will be added to this list.

For 4 new subscribers to the COLUMBIAN accompanied with the cash, $6.00, a copy of the History of Columbia county will be given to getter up of club.

For 3 new names and $4.50 we will send the COLUMBIAN one year free to person sending names; or if names are sent in by one now taking the paper we will credit his account with one year's subscription.

For 2 new names, with $3.00, we will send paper for 6 months to the person securing the names for us.

For 1 new name with $1.50, we will send paper 3 months to person securing the same for us.

On receipt of 10 cents we will send the COLUMBIAN to any address in the county for one month on trial, and paper will not be sent longer unless so ordered.

PUBLIC SALES.

The executors of John Kelchner, deceased, will sell a tract of land in Jackson township, on the premises, on Friday, September 25th, at 10 o'clock, a. m., woodland with water power saw-mill.

Also, on Saturday, September 26th at 10 a. m., land in Scott township, a grist mill, dwelling houses, &c. See advertisement.

Hotel Property For Sale.

The hotel property at Orangeville, known as the Orangeville Hotel, kept for many years by Samuel H. Hagenbuch, now deceased, is offered for sale by his heirs. This is an old established stand with a good business and a fine opportunity is offered for a good property. For terms and particulars apply to W. R. Hagenbuch 923 Market street, Philadelphia, or Geo. E. Elwell, Bloomsburg, Pa. aug-28-4t.

Personal.

Ex-Treasurer Sweppenhiser was in town Saturday.

Hon. C. R. Buckalew is home from the North Mountain.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Bertsch returned home on Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Herring returned home on Monday evening.

I. S. Kuhn was at Buffalo the forepart of the week, purchasing cattle.

J. H. Brugler, of Danville, drove in town with a fine team a few days ago.

W. B. Poust, of Shickshinny, was in town on Tuesday, looking as happy as ever.

Editor Randall, of the *Item*, took in the Sunday school picnic at Oak Grove on Thursday last.

Jesse Mensch one of Catawissa's most prominent citizens, was in town on Thursday on business.

The Misses Lex, Emma Eden and Geo. Lex, of Philadelphia, are visiting Charles Reice and other friends in this place.

J. P. Runyan of Millville was in town on Wednesday on business. He is one of our active citizens and only reaches this place when business calls him.

F. D. Koons, of Scranton, spent several days in town last week, looking up the life insurance business. He is interested in the Penn Mutual of Philadelphia.

David Walsh and his brother, Martin, Stephen Dresher and son, George, of Stillwater, P. D. Black, of Rohrsburg, Samuel Smith, of Stillwater, John W. Hoffman, of Lightstreet, and Theodore Mencer, of Muncy Valley, were in town on business last Saturday.

Birthday Cards at Mercer's.

Grand Army Cards of all kinds at this office. 2t

School books of all kinds at George A. Clark's.

School tablets and writing pads at Clark's book store.

Brass placques, easles and scrolls at Clark's book store.

A fine lot of box papers at George A. Clark's book store.

Blank books, composition books at Geo. A. Clark's book store.

John Herring went to Easton on Tuesday, where he will enter Lafayette College.

Ho! for oysters at Phillips' Bakery on Saturday morning. By the quart or gallon.

Pens, penholders, erasers, inks—everything needed in schools at George A. Clark's book store.

Before buying your school books and school supplies call and examine the stock at Clark's book store.

Invitations for Wooden, Crystal, and Silver Wedding Anniversaries can always be obtained at this office. 2t

Phillips' are putting up a new oven to be better able to attend to their large and increasing business of bakery.

John C. Forsyth has been appointed postmaster at Northumberland and H. H. Rutter postmaster at Hughesville.

A Sunday school of Catawissa held a picnic in Oak Grove on Thursday of last week. There was a good attendance.

The largest and finest assortment of school books, blank books, students' note books and tablets in town at Clark's book store.

Some burglar or burglars entered the clothing store of Evans' and Eyer on Thursday night of last week, by borring out one of the panels in the back door. Jewelry and clothing to the amount of over $200 was taken.

Supervisor John Creasy of Fishingcreek township lays claim to the banner for erecting guide boards. He has put up twenty-five in his township.

A good many are taking advantage of our offer to send a $1.00 Agricultural paper free. Read the *American Farmer* Advertisement on second page.

C. W. Miller Esq. has broken ground on Seventh street for the erection of two frame dwelling houses. Charles Krug has the contract for the buildings.

Frank Wilson has accepted a position as salesman in the store of I. W. McKelvy. He has resigned his position with F. D. Dentler to take effect October 1st.

Mr. Matthew Teufel of Catawissa is an experienced builder of plain and fancy stairs, and makes a specialty of hard wood work. His card appears in this issue.

J. J. Allen's Sons fertilizers in exchange for cash or lumber.

4t. H. B. Low, Orangeville, Pa.

D. W. Mears, of Numidia, has registered as physician in Luzerne county. He has located at Hazleton. Dr. Mears is the 263d physician that has registered in that county.

Henry Klein always has a nice assortment of groceries and notions at his store on East street. Almost anything needed in the household can be found on his shelves.

A fine assortment of Wedding Invitations are kept on hand at this office. We also have an elegant line of samples to select from, and the goods can be obtained in three days. 2t

Abraham Swisher formerly of Jerseytown, died in Mercer county, Illinois, Saturday, August 29th at the age of about 50 years. He was a brother of Mrs. S. A. Philips, and Dr. T. Swisher.

The new weather vane on the tower of the Court House was placed Monday morning. At the top of the spire the points of the compass are designated by large gilt letters, N. E. S. W.

Work was commenced on Tuesday on the stone wall along the inside of the pavement in front of the Exchange Hotel. The old wall was commencing to tumble and the new one is being built in a more substantial manner.

The Friendship Fire Company are already making arrangements for a grand ball to be given in their hall during the nights of the Fair week, October 15th and 16th. They will, no doubt, make a success of it, as they have done heretofore.

Thomas Bombay died at his home in Espy last week. That dread disease consumption took hold of him, and all the physicians skill could not further lengthen his life. He was about thirty-five years of age and leaves a wife and family of small children. He was a sober and industrious young man and will be much missed in the community.

Stephen Knorr has carried on his trade at the top of the Scott-town hill for many years. No man knows better how to make and set a horse-shoe, and this has brought him success in business. At the same time he has enjoyed the confidence of his fellow citizens, as has been by his frequent election to town and district offices.

J. D. Shaffer has taken charge of the skating rink at this place. For the present he proposes opening it for the use of skaters on Tuesday afternoon and evening, and Saturday afternoon. The afternoon session is exclusively for ladies and will be open from 2:30 to 5 o'clock. He will rent the rink to desirable parties for dances, festivals, &c.

The provision for carrying off the surface water that accumulates near the intersection of Seventh and Catharine streets is not adequate to the necessities of the case. The ditches are not graded so as to carry off the water, and the result is that most of the time there is stagnant water in that neighborhood, and the cellars are flooded. This matter needs the attention of Council.

In accordance with our notice printed several weeks ago, bills for subscription have been sent out to all who are a year or more in arrears. Long experience has taught that it is much easier to collect for one year at a time than to wait several, and allow a large bill to accumulate, and hence our annual effort to secure all back subscriptions. A prompt response is earnestly requested.

Some time on Tuesday night of last week, the drug store of Dr. Harter at Nescopeck, was entered by a burglar or burglars. An entrance was gained by bursting in the front door. The Doctor's gum coat, suit of clothes, surgical tools, umbrella cologne, and various other articles were taken. Suspicion rests on a one-armed tramp, with a scar and sore on one side of his mouth.

The youth and beauty of Bloomsburg gave a hop in the Winona parlors on Wednesday evening, September 9th. Twenty couple were present. Everything passed off pleasantly and every one had a good time. Refreshments were furnished by Mrs. Wm. Webb and music by Prof. Metherel's orchestra. Among the guests from a distance were Miss Kitty Garner, of Ashland, Miss Kate Sharpless, of Addison, N. Y., and Mr. T. F. Forrest, N. Y. City.

List of letters remaining in the Post Office at Bloomsburg for week ending Sept, 8, 1885:

William Brooks, George Brown, Jos. R. Dushore, Mr. D. E. Ehret, James Fuicher, Mrs. Leah C. Hitzberger, Uriah Johnson, Mr. I. S. Koutz, Miss Lizzie McClosky, Miss Mary Price, Miss Eliza Regan, Miss Alice G. Remley.

Persons calling for above please say "advertised."

GEORGE A. CLARK, P. M.

The past week has been a good one for the fishermen. The dams up the river are in course of repair. This has routed the eels and the frequent rains have brought them down the river. Some report catching 50, 60 and 70 in an evening with the outline. At any other time these stories would seem like "fish stories," but when we see the eels we must conclude they are truthfully told. Fishermen can be seen every day at different points along the river. It will be difficult for the eels to get by this place without catching on some hook.

The wedding of Mr. G. S. Herring and Miss Emma Jones of this town, took place at the home of the bride on East street on Thursday morning of last week, Rev. F. P. Manhart officiating. There were present about one hundred and twenty-five guests, among whom were S. D. Hess and wife, F. H. Hess and wife, B. G. Hess and wife of Shenandoah; Emma Herring, Earnest Herring and Wm. Neyhard of Wilkes Barre; A. B. Herring and wife, Calvin Herring and wife, Jacob Snyder and wife, John Herring, Sr., of Orangeville; Jerre Yohe and wife of Mifflinville; Mr. Michael and wife of Muncy Falls; Mrs. Addie Stout, A. N. Yost and Miss Maud Stout of Philadelphia. There were many valuable and useful presents given, embracing silverware, glassware, paintings, &c. The ceremony took place at ten o'clock, the bride dressed in her travelling suit. The happy couple took the train for Easton, Bethlehem and other points.

Grange Hall Dedication.

The dedication of the new Grange Hall, Sugarloaf Grange, No. 105, at Five Points, near Ezikiel Shultz's, will take place afternoon and evening, Sept. 12. The Worthy State Master and other prominent speakers are expected. Supper and ice cream will be served, the proceeds to go for the benefit of the order. The public is invited.

Bradley's Superphosphate.

Manufactured by the Bradley Fertilizer Co., of Boston, can now be obtained in Bloomsburg. It is excellent in quality and is among the best fertilizers in the market. The prices are reasonable, and the results are very satisfactory. For particulars call on C. M. Bittenbender, under Opera House, Centre street, Bloomsburg. 3m.

Sheriff's Sales.

Sheriff Mourey sold the following properties at the Court House last Saturday afternoon:

Lot of Charles Ahleman, in Bloomsburg, to C. W. Miller for $15.00; land of I. Neyhard, in Centre, to —— Hess for $768.

The sale of land advertised as T. Mencer's, in Rohrsburg, was stayed by the court.

Cornerstone Laying.

The cornerstone of the new Presbyterian church at Orangeville was laid last Sunday morning. Rev. D. J. Waller of Bloomsburg preached the sermon in the Union church of which he laid the cornerstone 46 years ago. Only about half a dozen were present who were there then. The text was I Peter, II, 8. The pastor, Rev. C. K. Canfield and D. J. Waller, Jr., a former pastor took part in the services, and assisted at the laying of the stone. A collection of nearly $50 was taken. It is only expected to put the church under roof this fall. The congregation propose to build only so fast as it can be paid for and voluntary contributions are desired so that it may be completed and dedicated free of debt. The drawings and plans show a very neat and commodious church.

Resolutions.

On the death of George W. Hess, who died August 26, 1885, aged nearly 19 years.

WHEREAS, It has pleased the Great Master of the universe to take to himself from our midst by the unsparing hand of death our brother George W. Hesss, be it therefore,

Resolved, That while yielding with meek submission knowing that His will is not ours, we deeply and sincerely mourn his death.

Resolved, That the parents have lost a kind and loving son, the brothers and sisters a tender and affectionate brother, the church an earnest Christian worker, the Sunday school a loyal and devoted superintendent, and the community a warm-hearted friend and neighbor.

Resolved, That by his death we are reminded of the uncertainty of life and that we heed the warning coming to us from the sacred word: "Be ye also ready."

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with the bereaved family and strive to profit by his Godly example and be as he was—faithful and earnest in the discharge of our Christian duties.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the COLUMBIAN and a copy be sent to the family of the deceased.

I. L. SNYDER,
SALLIE R. MILLER,
MARY C. UTT,
} Committee.

A Family Re-union.

On the morning of the 29th of August, the appearance of the beautiful grove, fronting the residence of Mr. Sylvester Albertson, indicated that a more than usual event was expected. A platform, numerous seats, and a long table had been erected and above it all hung a fine banner, upon it the words, "Welcome Home," were tastefully formed of evergreens. During the entire forenoon vehicles halted to unload smiling occupants until about two hundred persons were on the ground, engaged in the pleasant task of polishing the chains of friendship and consanguinity. The 29th of last March the sixtieth year was marked on the dial of the ages since John Albertson brought his family to this spot in Greenwood township, to make a home amid the forests that then waved above the now fertile fields. I need not relate the trials and triumphs of those early days, they are past, and the hands of the weary toilers are at rest. A desire to assemble once more at the home of their childhood, brought the surving children—four brothers and one sister—together with many grandchildren and great-grandchildren, some from a distance, came to participate in this first family re-union. Rev. Wm. R. Mathers, of Elysburg, Pa., delivered an address in the forenoon. It was filled with many touching reminiscences. One hundred and eighty-seven persons helped to dispose of the bounteous repast, which loaded the tables. In the afternoon Rev. J. W. Messinger delivered the second address to an appreciative audience. A photographer was on the ground and secured a picture of the group. The day was spent pleasantly and profitably by all present. May they have many more reunions here, and a bright one in the hereafter. OBSERVER.

The Gettsburg Reunion.

BERWICK, PA.

ED'S. COLUMBIAN:

The boys of Berwick who attended the reunion of the 'boys in blue' at Gettysburg desire your correspondent to write up the occasion. It would have come sooner but for our illness.

We plunged through the rain of Aug. 17th and arriyed in the evening at Gettysburg, Saturday was rainy. Sunday was brilliant, and the weather continued pleasant afterward. On Sabbath we had a fine sermon from Pittsburg. We give the names of Berwick boys who attended the camp, Col. A. D. Seely, Harry Glen and son, J. F. Opdyke and son, Abner Welsh and son, Brubaker, E. K. Adams, Brosiur, E. J. Bowman, Lenhart, and Frank Brockway, of Beach Haven. 7000 boys filled the camp. The 'Lambs,' 'Razors,' 'Sunflowors,' and 'Kids' of Philadelphia took the cake. They dressed in masquerade evenings, and would march down town, headed by their band. They emptied 15 kegs of beer every night.

The camp was right side of the cemetery which is a very ample and beautiful one, well covered with the shade of beautiful trees, and ornamented with shrubbery with solid walks meandering through the grounds, environed with osage orange, 5000 of our boys bunk beneath the sod there. Gettysburg, an antiquated town, contains about 2500 inhabitants. In the center is a large square, where beautiful arches of evergreen, adorned with mottoes, were reared by the ladies of Gettysburg. We saw conspicuously the words, "Welcome, welcome."

The 'Unknown' in the cemetery have little square blocks of marble above them. They were buried in the shape of an arc. The arrangement is very neat. In front of the camp is "Culp's Hill," way beyond the cemetery on opposite side of the camp is "Big and Little Round Tops," the "Devil's Glen," and the "Stone hedge," where the 3rd days battle was fought with desperation. All through the streets of Gettysburg they fought. We saw Mead's Hd. Qr's., a frame house, and Lee's Hd. Qr's., a brick. We saw the house where the woman was shot kneading bread. Some relics were found but they were scarce. The "old 84th commanded by Gen'l. S. M. Bowman had their reunion on Tuesday of the encampment at the court house, a few of the 3rd Pa. Heavy Artillery to which your correspondent belonged was there. Gen. Reynold's mounment stands conspicuous upon the grounds. He ventured out rashly from the lines the 2nd day, and was shot by the enemy in ambush. The encampment would have been larger had it not been for Grant's funeral. Andrew Fowler, Leman Fowler, Cressman and others attended the funeral. Prof. Harrison, the eminent elocutionist visited here after the funeral, and gave glowing accounts of it. It must have been greater than the triumphal marches of Cæsar, Scipio, or Marius.

There was plenty of martial music upon the grounds. Dress parade every evening. The banners looked bright and beautiful. It must have been bright and beautiful on the last day of the Gettysburg fight. At Fort Sumpter it went down in darkness, when her mighty walls blazing with fire went down hissing into the sea. It has a history to be sure—born at Seratoga, passing in triumph through the war of the Revolution, through the war of 1712, waving in triumph over the halls of Montezumas and now surging up and down through the fog of battle for four long battle-burdened years, like the billows of throbbing seas, till it hung in beauty over dismanteled, fallen, starving Richmond. We saw it hung over that place the second morning of its capture. It looked as if it had been dipped in the fountains of the morning and the hand of God had placed it there.

The storms of battle were but the breath of God that have rendered our flag more bright and beautiful. Long may it wave for centuries to come. At Gettysburg, Fredericksburg, Antietam and scores of other battle fields our heroes sleep. Let them rest in peace.

The G. A. R. is a mighty army in this country. And before our flag would again go down in blood and disgrace there would be enough bayonets gathered around it to bear up the sinking heavens.

E. J. B.

On The North Mountain

The North Mountain House is on a quite level plateau about 2320 feet above tide water; being just 1800 feet above Second street, Bloomsburg, opposite the Court House. The body of water which is one great attraction is about one mile long and averaging, I suppose a little less than one-fourth of a mile wide. The depth is not great at any place, and the bottom, wherever it can be seen, clear and smooth.

Besides rowing and fishing upon the lake there are many paths and old wagon roads, into, along and through the woods; leading to points of interest, as to "The Cold Spring," "The Outlook," "Kitchen Creek Falls," Mehoopany Springs," "The Bears Den," &c., &c.

Speaking of the Bear's Den reminds me that a few days ago some of the little girls reported bears tracks at the spring, on the route to "Cliff Run Falls," and although no great attention was paid to the matter, it was thought well enough for some older persons to examine them. On the way they deflected towards the Bear Den, and sure enough, in the vicinity, was a more than half grown cub. So little expectation of seeing a bear was entertained that the arms and ammunition were not equal to the occasion, and all hands hurried to the house for rifles.

And then commenced a bear hunt in good earnest. Mr. Frank Ricketts led the way, armed with a "Winchester," and accompanied by a couple of other experienced woodsmen, also with rifles; and "Tray, Blanche and Sweetheart, little dogs, and all" howled and bayed in concert. A large party gathered at "the outlook," the den being off to the left and the chase crossing Cliff run and off westward. We heard the dogs barking and yelping, but no firing, and at the end of two hours the expedition returned, but the bears did'nt.

However, Mr. Frank Ricketts reported the tracks of two bears, and sight of places where they had been wallowing; but the dogs refused to run them and the hunt was abandoned. So, like the King of Spain with his ten thousand men, we marched down to the "outlook" and then marched back again. But I nevertheless, expect to bring home with me, the ear of one of "them bar's."

Yesterday morning the thermometer stood 45°, at 8 A. M. F.

A Family Blessing.

Nothing adds more to the security of life, of happiness and health than a safe reliable family medicine. Simmons Liver Regulator has won for itself the appellation of the "favorite home remedy." It is adapted to a large proportion of the emergencies which occur in domestic life. If the child has the colic, it is a sure, safe and pleasant remedy. If the father is exhausted, overworked, debilitated, it will restore his failing strength. If the wife suffers from dyspepsia, low spirits, headache, it will give relief. If any member of the family has eaten anything hard of digestion, a small dose of the Regulator will soon establish a good digestion. It gives refreshing sleep where narcotics have failed. It is the best preventive medicine, and safe to begin with, no matter what the attack; and in almost every case will afford relief and effect a speedy cure without the aid of other medicine. No error to be feared in administering; no injury from exposure after taking; no change of diet required; no change of habits; no neglect of duties or loss of time. Simmons Liver Regulator is entirely vegetable and is the purest and best medicine compounded. Prepared by J. H. ZEILIN & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., sole proprietors.

Stillwater.

The recent storm did much damage in this vicinity, in the way of blowing down fruit trees, corn &c.

Two strangers have settled in our community with the intention of becoming permanent residents. One of them came to Wm. Steele's on Saturday, and the other arrived at Frank M. Hess' on Sunday. Both are boys and Frank is happy. He says one boy is worth a dozen girls.

Chas. E. Fritz, photographic artist, has opened a picture gallery at Stillwater and will remain here this week and next. Mr. Fritz is doing the finest work that has ever been done by any artist who visited this place. His work is giving entire satisfaction. Give him a call and be convinced.

Miss Jennie Wolf's school begun last Monday.

Col. Jamison was at Stillwater last week.

Beg pardon, Mr. East Benton, sorry we were mistaken; they wanted letters of recommendation, did they? It appears so incomprehensibly mysterious. If we were in need of letters of recommendation to other firms, we should apply for them to some one who was legally, morally, and intellectually responsible for what he said and did. We say again we are sorry for the mistake. We thought perhaps it might be the man who has several times been a candidate for Justice of the Peace in Benton township, and begged others to make nocturnal tours to solicit votes in his interest, while he had nothing to offer as security.

Mr. John P. Creasy, Supervisor for the West End, in Fishingcreek, was around last week putting up the new index boards.

State Fair.

GRAND SUCCESS — EXTENSIVE IMPROVEMENTS IN BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

The Thirty-First Annual Exhibition of this society opens on the permanent grounds of the association, at Broad street and Lehigh avenue, Philadelphia, on the 23d of September.

To those who were in attendance last year, we would say that this progressive society has materially added to the comfort of both visitors and exhibitors, by the construction of broad avenues and walks covered with fine broken stone, which will prevent the trouble from dust; they have also erected new buildings and extended others, so that the additional space will cover over 45,000 square feet.

The track has been enlarged and improved, and a grand covered stand erected to seat 2,500 spectators. The various Hunt Clubs in the vicinity of Philadelphia will compete for the valuable trophies and prizes of the society, furnishing their best horses and most skillful riders, and the high leaping over hurdles, which was such a novel and attractive feature of the last fair, will be equaled and probably excelled; in addition, there will be hurdle and flat racing, trotting, bicycle trials by members of all the bicycle clubs. Exhibition of collie (shepherd) dogs driving and maneuvering flocks of sheep, etc. Every effort will be made to maintain the interest in this, the amusement department of the fair.

The Main Building under the supervision of Society of Arts, will show the claims and capabilities of Philadelphia as a manufacturing city, her various industries will be shown at work, and the product finished before the spectator. The poultry, under the management of the Pennsylvania State Poultry Society, will exceed in number and quality that of last year. The Bench show of dogs is under the control of the Philadelphia Kennel Club, which is sufficient guarantee that nothing will be left undone to make it as full in numbers and complete in detail as was the last.

The strictly agricultural departments, including horses, cattle, sheep, swine, products of the soil, implements and machinery, it is needless to say, will be of character and extent in keeping with the resources of Pennsylvania and the standing of the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society.

Berwick.

Your correspondent has written for the *Sunday News Dealer*, of Wilkes Barre for nearly a year. The other day we sent in a bill of the modest sum of $5 as compensation, and we find we get nothing. If this is not fair play we can conceive that nothing is. This thing of writing for glory and finding your own bread and butter is very poor compensation indeed. We give this publicly to show how cheeky some of the editorial fraternity are. We little supposed we were doing all this writing to secure patronage for them here, putting money in their pockets and getting none of it ourself. Such meanness and robbery are worthy of the dark ages. The paper here was largely taken on account of the correspondence.

Berwick still remains in a state of depression. The rolling mill is going on, but the car works stand idle. Something is done in the way of making water pipes in the new foundry.

Rev. Ezra Yocum former pastor of the M. E. Church, Bloomsburg is winning golden opinions here, both as preacher and pastor.

Purloined beef is regarded in some families here as far superior to porter house steak.

There is a family here, we are told, who push out a pole nights through an open window and roost on it. It is to save feathers.

A. B. Croop of Briarcreek is about negotiating to supply Nanticoke with milk; and they will get a good article, as is well known in this market.

Wm. Girton is in the truck business, and his patches make a fine show for the market this fall.

The old building near Benj. Crispin's residence is torn away, and is well sodded, and makes a fine appearance.

Dr. Reagan is raising some fine stock, calves, on the dairy farm. They are the first breed.

Misses. Bates and Chambers of Catawissa have been visiting friends in town.

According to present arrangements the Berwick Agricultural Fair will be second to none in the state. Col. A. D. Seely is Chief Marshal and is manager of the grounds.

The will of Gilbert Fowler is contested and probably will go to court.

Our G. A. R. and Berwick cornet band will attend grand army day at Hazleton, 25th inst., at unveiling of the soldiers' monument.

The Jackson & Woodin Mfg. Co., are shipping wheels and axles and car iron ready for use to Fayetteville, N. C.

Farmers complain that their potatoes are taking the second groth, owing to the abundant rains.

This has been a bounteous whortleberry season.

Never better crop of corn than this season.

The Chatanqua Circle will open up 1st October, Mrs. S. C. Jayne, and Mrs. M. W. Jackson will lead the class alternately. They are both fully competent. We trust the class will be more largely attended this year. There are many of us who need the instruction as furnished by this method of teaching.

The P. O. S. A. hall is a gem. It is handsomely furnished, and has received recently a new installment of chairs.

Prof. Roeback has opened his school at Nescopeck auspiciously. He is an accomplished scholar and excellent teacher. He is a graduate of Cleveland Collegiate Institute, Ohio.

Our Chief police Gideon Beishline shot 12 large squirrels one day last week. Gid is a good shot.

Aaron Bower will attend Madison Theological shortly to prepare for the ministry. He is a young man of promise. Prof. Lehman Bower has returned to his duties at Dickinson College, Carlisle, Pa., on his protracted visit to his Alma Mater, Middletown, Connecticut.

Our schools are in full operation. No changes from last year. Miss Armstrong from Bloom is rechosen as principal. No better selection could be made.

Some of the stone mason gang of Kelly who have been operating on the North & West Branch of the Penna. R. R., near Nescopeck, have gone away and left bills unsettled at several places both in Nescopeck and Berwick. They deserve publication to give warning to other business men where they may operate along the road. Parties who draw good pay and then fail to pay their honest debts and skulk off without any effort to pay should be branded as scoundrels which they really are. John F. Jesse F. and Michael S. come back and pay up the debts you have left behind you.

Lightstreet.

Mr. J. Heisher, student of Theology, attending school in Philadelphia, is visiting J. W. Oman.

Band practice every Monday and Wednesday evenings.

Sam Pullen, of Shickshinny, spent Sunday in town, visiting one of the fair sex.

The schools during the Winter will be under the supervision of J. D. Terwilliger and Will Hidlay.

Luther German, of Millville, spent some time in town Tuesday last

A. C. Hidlay returned from New York on Wednesday, bringing with him a fine sorrel mare.

Any one wishing to see a fine lot of hogs, five in number, should stop at John Eckroth's, as he can show what corn and oats will do for pork.

A. C. boasts on mill pick sharpening. Give him a trial.

R. M. Johnson boasts on the Jumpkin line. Beats any one in town.

Among the numerous visitors last week we noticed Mrs. U. H. Eat and Mrs. Stricker, the former from Bloomsburg the latter from Catawissa.

C. M. Vanderslice and wife came on Sunday to see Mrs. McDowell, who still suffers the affliction of earth.

Our boys and the Millville boys did not play the decision game on Saturday last on account of the rain.

Jacob Melick, Esq., lost a valuable horse last week.

Farmers are busy preparing the soil for the Fall crops.

Quite an excitement in town Saturday night, caused by a liveryman from a certain town. The said liveryman having hired his rig to three young men to drive to Lightstreet to see their ladies, expected that they would likely do more driving than they should, concluded to follow them. He overtook them at the lower end of town and captured the rig. The boys were left. Better go a foot, boys, and then you can go home when you please.

No sowing has been done as yet that we know of.

J. M. C. Ranck is treating the inside of his house to a new coat of paint.

Mr. and Mrs. John Shuman, of Upper Lime Ridge, spent Sunday at John Walch's.

Buckhorn.

Last Thursday Unangst and Ohl raised the largest straw shed in these parts. It took the whole day, and it must have been a lucky one for no accident happened of a serious nature.

On Friday of last week Mr. Frank Pursel departed this life. He was hurt last spring by a falling tree and has since lain in a helpless condition. Interment took place on Monday.

Sunday, Alva Merrell spent the day with his parents in Greenwood.

Newton White and family of Lime Ridge called at Joe White's Sunday afternoon.

Daniel Harris has returned from a visit with his brother, Dr. Harris, of Hamburg.

Rev. Sharrett's and Dr. Redeker of Espy took dinner with Dr. Montgomery of this place, Monday.

To-day, (Tuesday,) Supt. Grimes held his annual examination in the 2nd room of the Buckhorn school building. The class was composed of Misses Shoemaker, Wanich, Girton, Breisch and Karshners. Also of Messrs. Foulk, Sterling, Hartman, Kline, Siglar and Girton. One of our teachers says that Supt. Grimes is well acquainted with the educational principle of going from the known to the unknown. We hope all will be successful in obtaining a certificate,—of course, those who do not get one didn't expect too.

Peter Werkheiser is contracting for building a lime shed in Dutch Valley for D. J. Waller, jr.

Frank Kistler is lying sick with typhoid fever.

Our farmers report no buckwheat and no clover seed. The owners of bees wants Jack Frost kept tied just two weeks and then let him lose for what they care.

Weldy Dent has purchased a horse of Edward Ivey and now has a team with which he expects to haul lumber during fall and winter.

Frank Dent will shortly move on the Thomas Hickey farm near Breisch's mill.

Mattie Hartman expects soon to visit her brother, John. A typo of the Nanticoke *Sun*.

The answer to East Benton's riddle is, gold.

What has become of our band? Thou hast a name but art dead.

Lutheran services in the afternoon Sunday next. Sunday school at one o'clock, and preaching at two. Rev. Bodine will occupy the pulpit in place of Rev. Sharrett's who will be attending a dedication at Hughesville.

Wanamaker's.

PHILADELPHIA, September 7, 1885.

Among the new French dress-stuffs are serges and other fabrics figured with plush and loops of silk and wool. The undercloths are plain if you look at them; you do not think of them; they lose their separate force. They are more than a background; they are part of the picture. The roughness of form is softened with quiet music of color. Beautiful rather than strong; of every degree of richness.

There are little tufts of bright silk plush, bright in a score of unexpected ways, so close together as to seem the fabric itself instead of its decoration.

There are bars of loops and plush; broken bars; bars of cross-wise bars; now silk, now wool; now colors contrasting, now blending. The bars are the fabric; the under-cloth is lost in them.

There are plaids of plush on cloth. Fine lines of plush and color cross other fine lines of plush and color. Is it possible that a few light lines of plush and color can turn plain cloth into such a net-work of beauty? It is a net-work of beauty.

There are banks of flowers on spreading lawns; embroidery boucle embroidery.

There is no stopping place; or rather the stopping-place today wherever we stop is not the stopping-place to-morrow.

Southeast from the center.

Turn from thinking of these to thinking of ladies'-cloths, perhaps the cheapest stuffs in the store. We mean this one particular ladies'-cloth, fifty-six inches wide, six yards for a dress, 75 cents a yard, $4.50 a dress.

Many a beautiful dress in the height of the fashion will come from these cheapest stuffs in the store. The cloths are the same one year to another. The colors skip with the season.

Southeast from the center.

Pretty linen hemstitch handkerchiefs twice as fine as they ought to be for 12½ cents; gentlemen's twice as much.

Southwest from the center.

Men's unbleached half-hose for 15 cents, stout, gusseted (which means shaped to the instep), spliced heels (which means a little more than double) and double feet (which means a thicker sole than upper); Morley's. What do you think of that? A wonderful outside; but touch them once!

West of Arcade, 1317 Chestnut; eighth counter.

May as well look at carpets, if passing through the city. Some of the new ones have come. The place is in an uproar of building—no matter for that—you don't mind a little pounding? More room—we're taking in a part of the sky.

Market-street front, second floor. Take car northwest from the center and pick your way through the chaos of furniture.

JOHN WANAMAKER.

Chestnut, Thirteenth and Market streets, and City-hall square.

HAY FEVER CURED BY CREAM BALM.

I have been a periodical sufferer from Hay Fever since the summer of 1879, and, until I used Ely's Cream Balm, I was never able to find any relief. I can say that Cream Balm cured me.—L. M. Georgia. Binghamton, N. Y. Aug. 21-4wks.

MARRIAGES.

WHITENIGHT-PERSELL.—In Bloomsburg, on the 6th inst. by Rev. N. Spear, Isaiah Whitenight to Miss Sarah J. Pursell both of Hemlock.

CHAPIN—SAVIDGE.—At the M. E. parsonage, Benton, Aug. 20th, 1885, by Rev. G. V. Savidge, Thomas S. Chapin of Benton to Miss Anna E. Savidge daughter of the Rev. G. V. Savidge of Benton.

On the same day and at the same place, by Rev. G. V. Savidge, Mr. Frances Tarmpore, and Mrs. Dianah Yocum both of Huntington Mills, Luz. Co. Pa.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Buy your velvets at Clark & Son's

Phosphate for sale at Lightstreet by Silas Young. sep-4-4t.

A full line of new black and colored cashmeres at H. W. Sloan's.

You can save money by buying your dress goods of Clark & Son.

Fifty-four pieces of cotton and wool flannels 67 cents to 75 cents a yard, at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

The best line of Canton flannels we have ever had—just opened—at H. W. Sloan's.

Please call and look at one of the best lines of white and red flannels in town at H. W. Sloan's.

Wanted—Calves, spring chickens, pigeons, oak and hemlock bark at Silas Young's, Lightstreet.

If you want ladies coats go to Clark & Son. Large stock, low prices.

For buttons, braids, trimmings, fringes, &c., go to Clark & Son.

You can save money by buying your underwear of Clark & Son.

A very fine line of new plated jewelry opened this week at H. W. Sloan's.

Fresh butter always bought at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

New case of (2164 yards) dark calico just opened, 6 cents a yard at I. W. Hartman & Son's. Best grade.

Blankets are coming in at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Dark calico for comforts, 5 cents, at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

New cassimers for men and boys clothing at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

The silk and cotton brocaded velvets are rich and cheap at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Fifty pieces of shirtings, 5 cents to 15 cents a yard, at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

See our 50-cent cashmeres and 60-cent dress cloths. They are big bargains. Clark & Son.

If you want flannels of any kind Clark & Son have them at lowest prices. Also calicoes, tickings, &c.

Blankets, blankets, best values ever shown. Come and see them. Clark & Son.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

BEWARE OF FRAUDS.—Be sure you get the genuine Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. It cures colds, croup, asthma, deafness and rheumatism.

By taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla many a poor sufferer who submits to the surgeon's knife because of malignant sores and scrofulous swellings, might be saved, sound and whole. This will purge out the corruptions which pollute the blood, and by which such complaints are originated and fed.

"O, my back!" The man with weak back, sore loins, has kidney disease, which Hunt's Kidney and Liver Remedy always cures.

An old and intimate friend of mine is Parker's Hair Balsam. I have used it five years, and could not do without it. It has stopped my hair from falling, restored its natural black color and wholly cleansed it from dandruff.—Miss Pearl Ancson, St. Louis, Mo. Sept 11-4w

Write for testimonials concerning the wonderful cures of Keller's Catarrh Remedy is the greatest remedy of the age for catarrh, malaria, scrofula, skin diseases, rheumatism. A trial only is all that is asked for it.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

"I have Advised my Daughter to try it, and she is going to do so." He further says:—"I called on you about six weeks ago sick with bilious disease. You gave me a bottle of Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy and it set me all right. I want more of it." Thus writes a man who lives in Lubec, Me., to the proprietor. We are sure of hearing favorably from the lady, for this preparation is exactly suited to the troubles from which women so often suffer. Also for little children.

aug 21-4w

Civil Service Reform.

ABSTRACTS FROM EXAMINATION PAPERS OF APPLICANTS FOR GOVERMENT POSITIONS.

A Western paper prints the following alleged extracts from examination papers:

Mention any occupation considered injurious to health?

Answer—Occupations which are injurious to health are carbolic acid gas, which is impure blood.

Another—A stone mason's work is injurious because when he is clipping he breathes in all the little chips, and then they are taken into the lungs.

Another—A bootmaker's trade is very injurious because the bootmakers press the boots against the thorax, and therefore presses the thorax in, and it touches the heart; and if they do not die, they are crippled for life.

Another—All mechanical work is injurious to health.

A reply to a question about digestion runs:

"When food is swallowed it passes through the wind pipe, and the chyle flows up the middle of the back bone and reaches the heart, where it meets the oxygen and is purified."

One physiologist replied, "We have an upper and lower skin, the lower skin moves at its will, and the upper skin moves when we do."

Another says, "The heart is a *comical* shaped bag."

"The organs of digestion," wrote one aspirant, are stomach *utensils*, liver and spleen."

What is the first day of Lent called?"

"Matrimony, which is necessary to salvation."

What is a volcano?

Answer—It is a large mountain with a hole at the top and a fireplace at the bottom, and sometimes the fire comes out at the top and destroys the cities at the bottom, if there are any.

"How many sounds of "g" are there?

Answer—The soft "g," the hard "g" and the "refugee."

What is the feminine of bachelor?

Answer—Old maid, or widow.

What do you know about the treaty of Utrecht?

Answer—The treaty of Utrecht was fought between the Zulus and English.

What did you know of Chaucer, Spenser and Swift?

Answer—Chaucer wrote "Æsop's fables," Spenser wrote "Wealth of Nations," and Swift was a great astronomer and joker.

In sacred history there is the most absurd disregard of facts. "The Pharisees were bad people who used to wash." Pontius "Pilot," another office-seeker declared, "was one of the Arabian Nights." One genius discovered that "the Greek translation of the Old Testament was called Latin."

Who wrote the Catechism?

To this question one replied "St. Paul," another "Moses," and a third "One of the prophets."

To whom did St. Philip preach?

Answer—"To the unicorn."

What is the story of the "Good Samaritan?"

Answer—"A certain man went down from jerslam to the jeriker, and he fell among thiefs and the thorns sprank up and choaked him; whereupon he gave a quarter to the chief and praid take care of him and put him on his own ass. And he passed on the other side."

"Who was Moses?

Answer—"He was a man that lived in a ark maid of bullrushes, and he kept a golden calf and worshipt braizen snaiks and he et nothin but quahles and manner for forty years. He was kaught by the hair while riding under a bow of a tree, and he was killed by his son Abslon as he was hanging from the bow. His end was peace."

The Growth of Weeds

Persons frequently express surprise at the universality, as it were, of weeds. A careful cultivator will keep a field free from weeds by frequent cultivation and hand hoeing through an entire season, and as none are allowed to go to seed he may look for a clean field the following year, whether cultivated or not. But those who expect to see land entirely cleaned of weeds and all its weed seeds by individual effort, are likely to be disappointed in their expectations. Many seeds will live in the soil for a long time, just how long has not been determined, but in the case of certain kinds of seeds, several years. Speaking in a general way, the ground is full of weed seeds; they are blown about by the winds, washed from place to place by freshets and by heavy showers, carried to new locations by birds and animals, and like the rent in the boy's coat, "it was there before."

Very few realize the extent of fecundity or prolificancy in many of our common weeds, or how rapidly a stock may be multiplied from a single plant. At both the New York and the Ohio Experiment Stations this subject has been investigated with much care. Dr. Sturtevant found a vigorous plant of the Purslane family that had nine branches; an average branch had fifteen branchlets; an average branchlet had 212 seed capsules, and one seed capsule had seventy-five seeds, making the whole number by computation 2,146,500. A fair stool of chess had 3,798 seeds, plantain 4,488, ox eye daisy 96,000, curled dock 93,390. The botanist at the Ohio station found by computation that an average thistle produces over 65,000 seeds; a dandelion 12,000, shepherd's purse 37,500, wild peppergrass 18,400, ragweed over 4,000, moderate size purslane from 300,000 to 400,000 seeds in a single plant. Wild carrot and mullen are both exceedingly prolific in seed. We have found by computation that single plants of either may produce from a half million to a million seeds.

An acre of land contains 43,560 square feet. It will be seen that a single plant in some cases may produce seed enough in a season to allow a half dozen or more seeds each square foot of an acre of land. How then can we wonder at the rapid increase of weeds under ordinary careless culture, where thousands are annually allowed to mature their seeds on almost every acre of cultivated land—*N. E. Farmer.*

Georgia's Mocking Bird Sales.

Many mocking birks are shipded from Atlanta every season to the North and West. The young birds are caught by the hundred by small boys, who peddle them at 50 cents each. They are kept in their native clime until they are 4 or 5 months old and then are sent by express to all parts of the country. A good bird, 4 months old, is worth from $3 to $5. They sing well when a year old. It is astonishing, to what extent their imitative faculties may be trained by patient ingenuity. There is a mocking bird in Atlanta who whistles "Dixie," "Last Rose of Summer" and two or three other airs perfectly. He is estimated at a fabulous value by his proud owner.

Care of the Skin.

Most women value a clear complexion, if attainable. Helen of Troy, is said to have bathed daily in wine and milk to preserve the purity of her silky skin. Cleopatra used various medicated ointments and fragrant cosmetics to enhance her charms. The bewitching Catharine, of Russia, habitually washed in strawberry juice; while strange and grim tales are told about the preparation of the mysterious baths Ninon L'Enclos is supposed to have indulged in. Our fair sex are luxurious in these days, and we find that ladies who value a transparent white skin—a delicate complexion in which the tint of the rose is softly blended with the snowy hue of the lily—are now being advised by an eminent authority on the art of keeping beautiful forever to frequently apply the end of a raw potato to the face and neck by gentle rubbing. After rubbing the face and neck should be washed, and gentle friction is to follow. Ladies are strongly urged to always keep a raw potato on the washstand. One great advantage the potato seems to possess over many other skin beautifiers seems to be its exceeding cheapness, as one potato can be used over and over again, since it is only necessary to remove a little of the outer surface and to pare off a thin slice before applying the freshly-cut surface.

It Never Fails.

They had been enemies for three long years. They passed each other on the street with stern faces, their wives made fun of each other's dresses, and the children climbed up on the back fence and called each other shoddy aristocrats. Oh, no, there was no dove of peace around there, and lots of people predicted that a case of assasination would grow out of it.

Last evening a whole neighborhood was astonished beyond measure. These two families who had thirsted for each others scalps were seen in sweet convention on the lawn. The men exchanged cigars, the women admired each other's latest purchase, and the blessed little children hugged each other all over the grass.

How did the change come about? Well, neither man owned a horse in his life, and neither knew a case of spavin from a blooming instance of poll-evil. Jones decided, however, to buy a horse. He was looking one over at his hitching post, when Smith came along. In a moment of forgetfulness Jones remarked:

"Say, Smith, you know all about a horse. How old is this animal?",

In the jerk of a comet's tail rancor and bitterness were forgotten. The flattery hit Smith plumb-centre and ripped all the buttons off his pent-up soul. He obeyed the request, pointed out all the ringbones, stiff knees and splints, and advised Jones not to buy. They went off arm in arm, and the dove of peace now sits on the housetops and warbles his joyous soul up to high G.—*Detriot Free Press.*

Bitters Known.

No other medicine known so effectually purges the blood of deep-seated diseases.

Millions bear testimony to its wonderful curative effects.

It is a purely Vegetable Preparation, made from the native herbs and roots of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol.

It removes the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health.

It is the great Blood Purifier and Life-giving Principle; a Gentle Purgative and Tonic; a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the power of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to.

The Alterative, Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Anti-Bilious, Solvent, Diuretic and Tonic properties of VINEGAR BITTERS exceed those of any other medicine in the world.

No person can take the BITTERS according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

Bilious, Remittent, Intermittent and Malarial Fevers are prevalent throughout the United States, particularly in the valleys of our great rivers and their vast tributaries during the Summer and Autumn, especially during seasons of unusual heat and dryness.

These Fevers are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach, liver and bowels. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these organs, is absolutely necessary.

There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as it will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus forearmed.

It Invigorates the Stomach and stimulates the torpid Liver and Bowels, cleansing the blood of all impurities, imparting life and vigor to the frame, and carrying off, without the aid of Calomel, or other minerals, all poisonous matter from the system. It is easy of administration, prompt in action, and certain in its results.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Pneumonia, Dizziness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are at once relieved by VINEGAR BITTERS.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, the Bitters have no equal. In these, as in all constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS has shown its great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Typesetters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to Paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take occasional doses of VINEGAR BITTERS.

Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Swellings, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations, Humors and diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of the Bitters.

Pin, Tape and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics, will free the system from worms like VINEGAR BITTERS.

Measles, Scarlet Fever, Mumps, Whooping Cough, and all children's diseases may be made less severe by keeping the bowels open with mild doses of the Bitters. This wonderful remedy is especially adapted to the systems of children, for purifying herbs alone give it its remarkable curative powers. It contains no alcohol, opium or other poison.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, the Bitters has no equal.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood when its impurities burst through the skin in Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when, and the health of the system will follow.

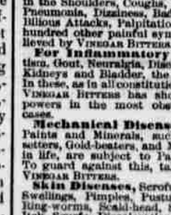
In conclusion: Give the Bitters a trial. It will speak for itself. One bottle is a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Around each bottle are full directions printed in different languages.

R. H. McDonald Drug Co., Proprietors, San Francisco, Cal., and 528, 530 & 532 Washington St., Cor. Charlton St., New York.

Sold by all Dealers and Druggists.

CATARRH



HAY-FEVER

ELY'S
Cream Balm
CURES
Hay Fever
SUMMER
Colds in Head.
AND
CATARRH

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable to use. Price 50 cents by mail or at druggists. Send for circular. ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

aug 21-4w d

Happy Children.

HOW TO MAKE THEM SO—KEEP THEM IN HEALTH AND THEY WILL TAKE CARE OF THE REST.

The joy of every well-regulated household comes chiefly from the children. Thousands of affectionate parents do not take care of their children through ignorance more than culpable neglect they suffer them to fall sick and die, when knowledge might have saved them to love and home. Dr. David Kennedy offers his "Favorite Remedy" as emphatically a medicine for the children—gentle in its action, containing no harmful ingredients whatever, going straight to the blood, which, when impure, is the seat and source of disease. "Favorite Remedy" is the friend of childhood and should be found in every nursery in the land. Keep it in your house for your children's sake, as well as for your own. Try it and you will be glad that you saw this article. Make no mistakes. The medicine is "Favorite Remedy" and the proprietor's name and address: Dr. David Kennedy, Roundout, N. Y. One dollar a bottle.

GOOD WORDS FOR A GOOD THING.—Dr David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy" is exactly what it claims to be, and deserves the praises that are showered upon it by all who have used it.—Mr. Israel H. Snyder, of Saugerties, N. Y., says: "My little daughter was covered with salt rheum from head to foot; Dr. Kennedy's 'Favorite Remedy' cured her. This was two years ago."

WE ARE NOT IN THE HABIT OF PUFFING any patent medicine in our columns, but we happen to know Dr. David Kennedy, of Roundout, N. Y., and can personally testify to the excellence of the medicine which the Doctor calls "Favorite Remedy." And if a word of ours will persuade anybody to use it and thus find relief from suffering no professional etiquette shall hinder us from saying that word. For diseases of the blood, kidneys and bowels it has no equal. We would not be without it for five times the dollar it costs.—*Daily Times, Troy, N. Y.* Aug.-21-4t.

KELLER'S CATARRH REMEDY,

THE GREAT

Blood Purifier of the World.

AN ABSOLUTE CURE FOR

CATARRH.

THE most stubborn cases yield readily to it and has not failed to Cure a single case where directions are followed. Its success has been remarkable and its cures wonderful. It is the most successful preparation in the market for CATARRH and the only one that promises an Absolute, Positive Cure. It is truly a blessing to mankind. A Trial is all that is asked for it. Once used, it is always recommended. Send for testimonials of actual cures.

IT HAS NO EQUAL FOR

MALARIA.

A POSITIVE CURE IS ASSURED.

One bottle is generally sufficient for a cure. Stop taking Quinine. A trial only is asked for KELLER'S CATARRH REMEDY. It is a SPECIFIC for all diseases arising from an impure blood and drives all eruptions from the skin. For Syphilitic complaints it is superior to any preparation in the market. One bottle will cure most of the following complaints and a continued use will POSITIVELY cure. Save doctor bills and try it.

RHEUMATISM.
SCROFULA.
SKIN ERUPTIONS.
VENEREAL DISEASES.
DYSPEPSIA.
LOSS OF APPETITE.
FEELING OF LANGOUR.
BILIOUSNESS.
LIVER TROUBLES.
NERVOUS WEAKNESS.
FEMALE WEAKNESS.

KELLER'S CATARRH REMEDY is no patent medicine, but a safe and pleasant preparation to take and surely the greatest medical discovery of the age. One bottle rejuvenates the entire system and possesses more virtue than a half dozen bottles of ordinary patent preparations. Write for testimonials and other information.

For sale by druggists generally.

PRICE $1.00 A BOTTLE. SIX BOTTLES FOR $5.00. On receipt of $5.00 by the manufacturers, SAMUEL F. KELLER & Co., Harrisburg, Pa., six bottles will be sent express paid.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN

Hair Renewer.

Seldom does a popular remedy win such a strong hold upon the public confidence as has HALL'S HAIR RENEWER. The cases in which it has accomplished a complete restoration of color to the hair, and vigorous health to the scalp, are innumerable.

Old people like it for its wonderful power to restore to their whitening locks their original color and beauty. Middle-aged people like it because it prevents them from getting bald, keeps dandruff away, and makes the hair grow thick and strong. Young ladies like it as a dressing because it gives the hair a beautiful glossy lustre, and enables them to dress it in whatever form they wish. Thus it is the favorite of all, and it has become so simply because it disappoints no one.

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE

FOR THE WHISKERS

Has become one of the most important popular toilet articles for gentlemen's use. When the beard is gray or naturally of an undesirable shade, BUCKINGHAM'S DYE is the remedy.

PREPARED BY

R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N.H.

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SUPERIOR

SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES

MICROSCOPES, FIELD-GLASSES, BAROMETERS, TELESCOPES, MAGIC LANTERNS, THERMOMETERS, Drawing Instruments, Philosophical and Chemical Apparatus.

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QUEEN & CO.

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You should not wear that tired look, and dragging pain endure, your life a burden and a care, for all those troubles can be cured by using Dr. Kilmer's **Female Remedy.** Ask your druggist for it. 11.

If you can't sleep or rest, roll and tumble, feel sore and stiff, flesh and bones tender, nervous, irritable, feel quarrelsome and all unstrung—Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** will make you feel happy, jolly and young. Ask your druggist for it. 25c., $1.

Reader, if you have Heart Disease, and told that your disease is incurable, don't believe it until you have faithfully used Dr. Kilmer's **Oceana-Weed Heart Remedy.** Ask your druggist for it. $1.

If you are suffering from hoarseness, or loss of voice, or chronic cough—Dr. Kilmer's **Indian Consumption Cure** brings quick relief and positively cures. Druggists sell it. 25c., 50c., $1. 6.

JOB WORK NEATLY

EXECUTED AT

THIS OFFICE

The Agricultural Industry.

Secretary T. S. Gold, of the Connecticut State Board of Agriculture, was recently interviewed by a correspondent of the *Philadelphia Press.* Mr. Gold gives his views of agriculture, as compared with other industries, as follows: If we divide all human industry into four general divisions, agriculture, manufactures, commerce, and mining, agriculture, especially if we consider the amount of skill exercised in its prosecution, the privileges of home and social enjoyment which it allows, and the favorable conditions for health and long life which it offers, yields greater returns than either of the others. In the first place its losses are comparatively small. A farmer rarely fails, and when he does, his laborers lose little or nothing. They have had their board, and they usually take up their wages as fast as they are earned. On the other hand, in other avocations the losses are often enormous. The failure of a single mining or manufacturing enterprise not infrequently involves the total ruin of all connected with it.

In some forms of manufacturing, commercial and mining activity, safety and success seem reasonably certain. But these are not the great enterprises which captivate the imagination. They are rather operations conducted after the modest, plodding fashion of ordinary agriculture. In manufactures it is the small mechanic who earns a steady living and lays by a small surplus for his children, who is the most favored of his class. In commerce the safest business is done by the small trader, especially in the country, where all his customers are personally known to him. As a medium of exchange between country and city, between the farm and the factory, he barely earns an honest living But take these traders altogether, and the net results of their labor and capital invested average better than those of the more ambitious who seek the higher positions. In mining, too, the safest investment is where the baser metals, iron, lead and copper, and coal to work them, are concerned. It would seem to follow from simple analogy that agriculture itself becomes hazardous, as it expands into bonanza farming, and the herding of uncounted cattle on vast ranges.

Of course, there could be no trade or manufactures without farming as a basis, and the rudest form of agriculture, the gathering of the spontaneous fruits of the earth, is the foundation of every industry. But this does not justify the farmer in taking those risks in other forms of industry which he too often incurs. When farmers lose money it is not usually in the pursuit of agriculture, but of something else. The farmers of the country would be richer if they had confined themselves to farming and not taken stock in some railroad or manufacturing company, or, worse still, in some mine which they never saw. The desire to get enormous profits, to find a fortune instead of earning it, is as old as the human race. Too often the farmer who will take a week in considering the value of a cow he desires to purchase of a neighbor, and then disagrees on a dollar or two in the price, will invest his hundreds and his thousands, if he has them, in the "Great Bottomless Gold Mine," situated in the Mountains of the Moon. It is this spirit of speculation, or the desire to get something out of nothing, which is fatal. The raising of one $5,000 colt has demoralized whole communities. The sales by some fancy cattle breeder, where a heifer brings $1,000, the exceptional profits of a single hop or tobacco crop—anything which wins a prize, like a successful lottery ticket—too often brings on the delirium of speculation. The farmer should be the last man in the world to incur these gamblers' risks. His schooling unfits him for the excitement of such games. The rewards of his labors are found in the quiet of rural life, domestic comfort, the sanctities of home. The feverish spirit of speculation should have no place amid such placid surroundings.

Shoes Made in Forty-five Minutes.

Lynn, but half an hours ride from Boston, should be visited by all who are interested in American industries, as here the shoe element preponderates, and other businesses are but moderate compared with that of shoeing the people, writes a correspondent of the Hartford *Post.* Almost every building of prominence represents shoes or something relating thereto (in the form of trimmings, bindings, threads in innumerable variety) and the atmosphere has a sort of a leather and prunella vibration, as general conversation tends to shoes. Lynn always has been famous as a shoemaking place. I think the first settler was a shoemaker, and Thomas Veal, the pirate, whelmed by the earthquake of 1652 in Dungeon Rock, was also a shoemaker. All other business of Lynn is dependent upon this, which has grown to Titanic proportions, and the busy city stands on its taps to-day the great shoe centre of the country. A ride to Lynn, including a visit to some of the principal manufactories, will introduce to the visitor all the new machinery in shoemaking that has revolutionized the business. The old bench with its slow modes, the lapstone, the individual awl have disappeared, and the making of an entire shoe is but the work of minutes. I was in a manufactory on Market street, and in reply to my question as to how long the time required to make a shoe (which was, by the way a man's buttoned boot) I was told to mark the time. A pair of soles were shaped, the patterns were cut, and the work given to separate men with a direction to hurry, the machinery was applied, the shoes passed through forty hands and at the end of forty-five minutes a pair of finely made button shoes were placed in my hands, with an apology for five minutes longer time than was necessary on account of a slight disarrangement of the machinery for sewing on the buttons. The manufactory is driven with orders, and an excellent fall business is promised. The shoe business is generally good.

Cure for a Kicking Horse.

Parties who are troubled with kicking horses may read the following with profit: An old wheat sack filled with hay was suspended by a rope from the ceiling, so that the sack hung just at the heels of a vicious horse as he stood in his stall. When the sack was first placed in position the kicking equine let fly both feet at it as soon as it touched him, but after ten or twenty minutes of that kind of work he came to the conclusion that the sack would return as often as he struck it, and he finally gave up trying to "knock it out." This same horse, which has a reputation as a kicker, can now be hitched to any vehicle, and he will not kick at anything that happens to strike his heels.—*Tribune and Farmer.*

MALARIAL POISON.

The principal cause of nearly all sickness at this time of the year has its origin in a disordered Liver, which, if not regulated in time, great suffering wretchedness and death will ensue. A gentleman writing from South America says: "I have used your Simmons' Liver Regulator with good effect, both as a prevention and cure for Malarial Fevers on the Isthmus of Panama."

TAKE

Simmons' Liver Regulator

A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE

An Effectual Specific

FOR

MALARIAL FEVERS,
BOWEL COMPLAINTS,
JAUNDICE,
COLIC,
RESTLESSNESS,
MENTAL DEPRESSION,
SICK HEADACHE,
CONSTIPATION,
NAUSEA,
BILIOUSNESS,
DYSPEPSIA, &c.

If you feel drowsy, debilitated, have frequent headache, mouth tastes badly, poor appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from torpid liver or "biliousness," and nothing will cure you so speedily and permanently as to take

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

It is given with safety, and the happiest results to the most delicate infant. It takes the place of quinine and bitters of every kind. It is the cheapest, purest and best family medicine in the world.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Phila,

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

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A PRESENT!

Our readers for 12 cents in postage stamps to pay for mailing and wrapping and names of two book agents, will receive FREE a Steel Finish Parlor Engraving of all our PRESIDENTS, including Cleveland, size 22x28 inch, worth $4.00.

Address Elder Pub. Co., Chicago, Ill.

July 17-1y

MOSQUITOES. AGENTS Wanted! to sell the MAGIC MOSQUITO BITE CURE, gives instant relief, and drives them away. Address SALLADE & CO., 8 East 18th St., New York.

aug 21-4w d

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

NORTH.			STATIONS.	SOUTH.		
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
9 00	12 30	8 30	.....Scranton.....	6 10	9 15	2 05
8 54	12 26	8 26	.....Bellevue.....	6 15	9 20	2 10
8 48	12 22	8 22	.....Taylorville...	6 20	9 26	2 15
8 40	12 15	8 16	..Lackawanna..	6 27	9 34	2 22
8 33	12 08	8 10	.....Pittston.....	6 34	9 41	2 30
8 27	12 03	8 03	..West Pittston..	6 40	9 47	2 36
8 22	11 58	7 58	.....Wyoming.....	6 45	9 52	2 41
8 17	11 54	7 54	.....Maltby.....	6 49	9 56	2 44
8 12	11 50	7 50	.....Bennett.....	6 53	10 00	2 47
8 08	11 47	7 47	.....Kingston.....	6 58	10 05	2 50
8 08	11 47	7 47	.....Kingston.....	6 58	10 05	2 50
8 00	11 40	7 42	Plymouth June	7 02	10 10	2 55
7 59	11 38	7 38	.....Plymouth.....	7 07	10 15	3 00
7 54	11 31	7 34	.....Avondale.....	7 12	10 20	3 05
7 50	11 30	7 30	.....Nanticoke....	7 16	10 25	3 10
7 43	11 23	7 23	Hunlock's Creek	7 23	10 32	3 17
7 30	11 12	7 12	.....Shickshinny..	7 37	10 44	3 30
7 18	11 00	7 00	.....Rick's Ferry..	7 50	11 11	3 53
7 11	10 54	6 54	.....Beach Haven..	7 57	11 08	3 58
7 05	10 47	6 47	.....Berwick.....	8 04	11 13	4 05
6 58	10 41	6 41	.....Briar Creek..	8 10	11 20	4 12
6 54	10 38	6 38	..Willow Grove..	8 14	11 25	4 16
6 50	10 34	6 34	.....Lime Ridge...	8 18	11 29	4 20
6 42	10 27	6 27	.....Espy.....	8 25	11 36	4 27
6 36	10 21	6 21	...Bloomsburg...	8 30	11 44	4 34
6 30	10 16	6 16	.....Rupert.....	8 36	11 50	4 40
6 25	10 11	6 11	Catawi'a Bridge	8 41	11 53	4 46
6 08	9 56	5 56	.....Danville.....	8 58	12 13	5 04
6 00	9 49	5 49	.....Chulasky.....	9 05	12 21	5 12
5 55	9 45	5 45	.....Cameron.....	9 08	12 25	5 17
5 40	9 32	5 32	Northumberland	9 25	12 40	5 33
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.

Superintendent's office, Scranton, Feb. 1st, 1885

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

In effect Aug. 30th, 1885. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD.

9.40 a. m., Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York 6.30 p. m.; Baltimore, 4.40 p. m.; Washington, 5.50 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

1.40 p. m.—Day express daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 p. m.; New York, 9.35 p. m.; Baltimore 6.45 p. m.; Washington, 8.00 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.05 p. m.—Williamsport Accommodation (daily, for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.25 a. m.; New York 7.00 a. m., Baltimore, 5.35 a. m.; Washington 6.30 a. m.; Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. On Sundays a through sleeping car will be run; on this train from Williamsp't to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

2.35 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Monday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 8.25 a. m. New York, 11.30 a. m.; Baltimore 8.15 a. m.; Washington, 9.25 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.30 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Sunday), for Erie and all intermediate stations and Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman Palace cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9.53—News Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

1.05 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane and intermediate stations and Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Watkins.

5.30 p. m. Fast Line (daily except Sunday)for Renovo and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

9.30 a. m.—Sunday mail for Renovo and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Sunday mail leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m Harrisburg 7.40 arriving at Sunbury 9.20 a. m. with through sleeping car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

News Express leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg, 8.10 a. m. daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury 9.55 a. m.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m. daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury, 1.05 p. m., with through Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 9.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.50 a. m.; Washington, 9.50 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 5.30 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.20 p. m.; Washington, 10.00 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.20 p. m. (daily except Saturday) arriving at Sunbury 5.15 a. m., with through Pullman Sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except Sunday.)

Wilkesbarre Mail leaves Sunbury 10.00 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.52 a. m., Wilkes-barre 12.15 p. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.45 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.37 p. m., Wilkes-barre 7.58 p. m.

Sunbury Mail leaves Wilkesbarre 10.40 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 12.08 p. m., Sunbury 1.00 p. m.

Express West leaves Wilkes-barre 2.45 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4.15 p. m., Sunbury 5.10 p.m.

SUNDAY ONLY.

Sunday mail leaves Sunbury 9.25 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.14 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 11.35 a.m.

Sunday accommodation leaves Wilkes-Barre 5.30 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry, 7.30 p. m., Sunbury, 8.55 p. m.

CHAS. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Passenger Agent

SELWYN HALL READING, PENN.

A thorough preparatory School for Boys. Conducted upon the Military plan. Boys of any age admitted. Send for catalogue, terms, etc.

C. C. BISHOP, Head Master, Reading, Pa.

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MANILLA ROOFING!

Resembles fine leather; for ROOFS, OUTSIDE WALLS, and INSIDE in place of Plaster. Very strong and durable. CARPETS and RUGS of same material. Catalogue with testimonials and samples Free. W. H. FAY & CO., Camden, N. J.

Sept 4-4w d

I Owe My Life.

CHAPTER I.

"I was taken sick a year ago
With bilious fever."

"My doctor pronounced me cured, but I got sick again, with terrible pains in my back and sides, and I got so bad I

Could not move!

I shrunk!

From 238 lbs. to 130! I had been doctoring for my liver, but it did me no good. I did not expect to live more than three months. I began to use Hop Bitters.

Directly my appetite returned, my pains left me, my entire system seemed renewed as if by magic, and after using several bottles, I am not only as sound as a sovereign, but weigh more than I did before. To Hop Bitters I owe my life."

Dublin June 6, '81. H. FITZPATRICK.

CHAPTER II.

"Malden, Mass., Feb. 1, 1880. Gentlemen—I suffered with attacks of sick headache."

Neuralgia, female trouble, for years in the most terrible and